

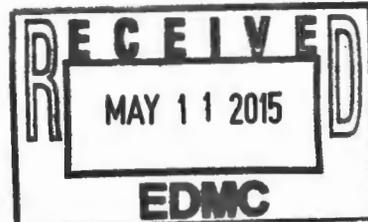
## Waste Site Reclassification Form

<b>Date Submitted:</b> 10/21/1998  <b>Originator:</b> Brian Dixon, G3-26  <b>Phone:</b> (509) 376-7053	<b>Operable Unit(s):</b> 300-FF-2  <b>Waste Site ID:</b> 300-192  <b>Type of Reclassification Action:</b> Rejected <input checked="" type="radio"/> Closed-Out <input type="radio"/> No Action <input type="radio"/>	<b>Control Number:</b> 98-142
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This form documents agreement among the parties listed below authorizing classification of the subject unit as rejected, closed-out, or no action and authorizing backfill of the site, if appropriate. Final removal from the NPL of no action or closed-out sites will occur at a future date.

**Description of current waste site condition:**

The site is a french drain that received steam condensate from a quench tank. The drain appears to be made of concrete and is covered by a lid. The foundation of the 3732 Building has been posted "Fixed Contamination Area." Details of this drain have been obscured by the paint applied for this posting. The outer perimeter of the drain measures 1.2 meters (3.9 feet) by 1.2 meters (3.9 feet) and rises approximately 10 centimeters (3.9 inches) above grade. The lid measures 0.98 meters (3.22 feet) by 0.98 meters (3.22 feet). Where the edges of the lid are visible, it appears as though it has been sealed by the paint. A sign on the lid has been obscured by paint. The site is surrounded by gravel. According to the "Inventory of Miscellaneous Streams," Revision 3, the site is inactive, source abandoned. The site is listed in the "Inventory of Miscellaneous Streams," Revision 3, as stream #349.



**Basis for reclassification:**

The "Inventory of Miscellaneous Streams," Revision 3, lists the site as inactive, source abandoned. This stream was "Eliminated" on 7/2/97. When the site was active, the flow rate was less than 0.038 liters per minute (0.01 gallons per minute). The site received steam condensate only. Steam was produced from sanitary water that had been sent through a water softener system to remove minerals (calcium and magnesium). The treated water was introduced into boilers to produce steam. This steam was superheated before distribution to facilities for heating and process use. Disposal sites received steam condensate from the steam distribution lines. When used for heating purposes, this was a seasonal discharge. Non-regulated chemicals were added to dechlorinate the water, prevent scale, and control corrosion.

*Steven T. Brumm*

DOE Project Manager

Signature

*12/15/98*

Date

Ecology Project Manager

Signature

Date

*David R. Egan*

EPA Project Manager

Signature

Date

*David R. Egan*

*12/15/98*