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Engineer's Manager

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INFORMATION RÉLEASE REQUEST WHC-CM-3-4 Purpose New ID Number ☐ Relefence Speech or Presentation ☐ Full Paper Technical Report Existing ID Number (include revision, volume, etc.) Check Summary Thesis or Dissertation WHC-SD-EN-TI-009. only one Abstract Manual If previously cleared, list ID number. Brochure/Flier Visual Aid Speakers Bureau Software/Database ☐ Poster Sess☐ Videotape Controlled Document Poster Session Date Release Required Other **Unclassified Category** Impact UC-Level Title of Journal Group or Society Sponsoring Date(s) of Conference or Meeting City/State Will proceedings be published? ☐ Yes □ No Will material be handed out? NA O No Title of Conference or Meeting CHECKLIST FOR SIGNATORIES Review Required per WHC-CM-3-4 Yes No Reviewer Name (printed) Signature Date Classification/Unclassified Controlled P **Nuclear Information** 3 B.D. Williamson Solvallamser 13 Patent - General Counsel .D. Williamson Bolvielianson Legal - General Counsel Applied Technology/Export M Controlled Information or International Program V WHC Program g Communications DOE-RL Program N E. Smoth **Publications Services** V Other Program References Available to Intended Audience F ISTONE Transmit to DOE-HQ/Office of Scientific and Technical Information Information conforms to all applicable requirements. The above information is certified to be correct. Author/Requestor (Printed/Signature) Date INFORMATION RELEASE ADMINISTRATION APPROVAL STAMP Stamp is required before release. Release is contingent upon esolution of mandatory comments Responsible Manager (Printed/Signator Internal Sponsor External Date Received 1- 29- 92 NS

Referencés:

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APPROVED FOR PUBLIC RELEASE 2/4/92 n.deis	6. Author Name: W. J. McMahon Signature Organization/Charge Code 81231/PHIAA		

7. Abstract

The rapid or large leak rate (RLL) is calculated for LERF basins. The RLL provides an upper limit on the amount of leakage allowed into the drainage layer before the LERF basin must be closed, repaired, or undergo operational changes. The RLL was calculated according to the guidance provided by three EPA documents.

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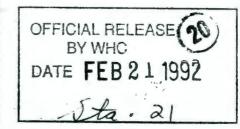
9. Impact Level 4

10. Authorized Manager's Name A. J. Knepp

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Calculation of the Rapid or Large Leak Rate for LERF Basins in the 200 East Area

William J. McMahon

November 7, 1991

The Rapid or Large Leak Rate (RLL) is defined as the maximum leakage that the Leak Detection, Collection, and Removal System (LDCRS) can remove under gravity flow conditions, such that the fluid head within the drainage layer does not exceed the thickness of that layer (EPA, 1987b). If leakage greater than the RLL occurs, then the chance of the hazardous constituents stored in the surface impoundment seeping through the bottom liner and out of the facility greatly increases. The RLL, submitted in support of the Response Action Plan (RAP), provides an upper limit on the amount of leakage allowed into the drainage layer before the facility must be closed, repaired, or undergo operational changes. The RLL is site specific and determined from the design of each facility.

Calculation of the Rapid or Large Leak Rate

Environmental Protection Agency guidance for estimating the Rapid or Large Leak Rate for a land disposal unit is expressed by the equation (EPA, 1987b and 1988),

$q=hNbktan\beta$

where q is the RLL (ft/s or m/s), h is the allowable hydraulic head in the drainage layer (ft or m), N is the leak frequency (1/ft2 or 1/m2), b is the width of the wetted area from a single leak (ft or m), k is the hydraulic conductivity of the drainage media (ft/s or m/s), and B is the slope of the drainage layer. The difficulty is that little guidance for selecting a value for b is given in EPA (1987b or 1988), and the RLL is linearly dependent on this value. Both references state that more information is necessary before quantitative guidelines can be established. The design example in EPA (1987b) used a value of 5 ft (1.5 m), which was indicated to be a reasonable value, and the example in EPA (1988) calculated RLL values using three values for b. 3.3 ft (1 m), 5 ft (1.5 m), and 6.6 ft (2 m). Assuming that intensive quality assurance monitoring will be performed during the installation of the flexible membrane liner, the standard hole or leak frequency (N) is 1 per acre (1 per 4000 m²) (EPA, 1987a). Using the value of 5 ft (1.5 m) for b, and given that h equals one foot (0.305 m), tanß equals 0.02, and k equals 0.03 ft/s (0.01 m/s or 1.0 cm/s) from the LERF design specifications (KEH, 1990), the RLL equals 2.1×10^3 gallons per acre per day (gpad) or 2.0×10^4 liters per hectare per day (Ltd).

According to drawing H-2-79590, which shows the plan sections and details for the cell basin bottom liner, the surface area of the LERF basin will be approximately 2.1 acres (0.85 ha). Taking into account the five feet of freeboard specified in the drawing, the total wetted area will be 1.7 acres (0.69 ha). The RLL for the retention basin will total to 3.5×10^3 gallons per day (gpd) or 1.3×10^4 liters per day (lpd) for the design case described in the preceding paragraph.

Because the RLL value is linearly dependent on each of the input parameters and little guidance is provided by the EPA to determine b, table 1 shows the RLL sensitivity analysis for the values of the three wetted area widths previously listed. The table also includes RLL values calculated for a range of hydraulic conductivities since the statement of work expressed some uncertainty about the value given to this parameter in the Conceptual Design Report (KEH, 1990). In the absence of any further guidance from the EPA, the value of 5 feet for b appears reasonable. The value for k should be determined from the hydraulic characteristics of the drainage media.

Table 1. Rapid or Large Leak Rates for various values of the wetted width (b) for a single leak and the hydraulic conductivity (k) of the drainage media.

		RLL	
b (ft)	k (cm/s)	Per Unit Area (gpad)	Overall (gpd)
3.3	1.0	1400	2300
3.3	0.5	710	1200
5.0	1.0	2100	3500
5.0	0.5	1100	1800
6.6	1.0	2800	4700
6.6	0.5	1400	2300

References

- Kaiser Engineers Hanford, 1990. Conceptual Design Report for 242-A Evaporator and PUREX Interim Retention Basin. WHC-SD-W105-CDR-001.
- 2. U. S. EPA, 1987a. Background Document on Bottom Liner Performance in Double-Lined Landfills and Surface Impoundments. EPA/530-SW-87-013.
- 3. U. S. EPA, 1987b. Background Document on Proposed Liner and Leak Detection Rule. EPA/530-SW-87-015.
- 4. U. S. EPA, 1988. Seminars-Requirements for Hazardous Waste Landfill Design, Construction and Closure. CERI-88-33.