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Revision 0

# Radioactive Air Emissions Notice of Construction for Plutonium Finishing Plant Project W-460, "Plutonium Stabilization and Handling"

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Prepared for the U.S. Department of Energy  
Assistant Secretary for Environmental Management

Project Hanford Management Contractor for the  
U.S. Department of Energy under Contract DE-AC06-96RL13200



**United States  
Department of Energy**  
P.O. Box 550  
Richland, Washington 99352

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P.O. Box 550  
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*Janis Aardal* *6-5-2000*  
Release Approval Date

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Date

*Roger T. Terry*  
*6/2/2000*

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1 **RADIOACTIVE AIR EMISSIONS NOTICE OF CONSTRUCTION FOR PLUTONIUM**  
2 **FINISHING PLANT PROJECT W-460,**  
3 **-- "PLUTONIUM STABILIZATION AND HANDLING"**  
4  
5

6 **1.0 INTRODUCTION**

7 The following description and any attachments and references are provided to the Washington State  
8 Department of Health (WDOH), Division of Radiation Protection, Air Emissions & Defense Waste  
9 Section as a notice of construction (NOC) in accordance with Washington Administrative Code  
10 (WAC) 246-247, Radiation Protection – Air Emissions. The WAC 246-247-060, "Applications,  
11 registration, and licensing", states "This section describes the information requirements for approval to  
12 construct, modify, and operate an emission unit. Any NOC requires the submittal of information listed in  
13 Appendix A."  
14

15 Additionally, the following description, attachments, and references are provided to the  
16 U.S. Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) as an NOC, in accordance with Title 40 Code of Federal  
17 Regulations (CFR), Part 61, "National Emission Standards for Hazardous Air Pollutants". The  
18 information required for submittal to the EPA is specified in 40 CFR 61.07. The potential emissions from  
19 this activity are estimated to provide greater than 0.1 millirem year total effective dose equivalent (TEDE)  
20 to the hypothetical offsite maximally exposed individual (MEI) and commencement is needed within a  
21 short time. Therefore, this application also is intended to provide notification of the anticipated date of  
22 initial startup in accordance with the requirement listed in 40 CFR 61.09(a)(1), and it is requested that  
23 approval of this application also constitutes EPA acceptance of this initial startup notification. Written  
24 notification of the actual date of initial startup, in accordance with the requirement listed in  
25 40 CFR 61.09(a)(2), will be provided later.  
26

27 This NOC covers the activities associated with the construction and operation activities involving  
28 stabilization and/or repackaging of plutonium in the 2736-ZB Building. A new exhaust stack will be built  
29 and operated at the 2736-ZB Building to handle the effluents associated with the operation of the  
30 stabilization and repackaging process. Figures provided are based on preliminary design.  
31

32 **For the activities covered under this NOC, the unabated and abated TEDE to the hypothetical MEI**  
33 **is 1.67 E+03 and 8.34 E-01 millirem per year, respectively.**  
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**2.0 FACILITY LOCATION (REQUIREMENT 1)**

U. S. Department of Energy, Richland Operations Office  
825 Jadwin Avenue  
P.O. Box 550  
Richland, Washington 99352-3562

The coordinates for the proposed new stack (296-Z-7) are as follows:

2736-ZB Building, 200 West Area  
Latitude: 46° 33' 00"  
Longitude: 119° 37' 60"

**3.0 RESPONSIBLE MANAGER (REQUIREMENT 2)**

The responsible manager for the activities described under this NOC is as follows:

Mr. L. D. Romine, Director  
Materials Disposition Division  
U.S. Department of Energy,  
P.O. Box 550  
Richland, Washington 99352  
(509) 376-4747

**4.0 TYPE OF PROPOSED ACTION (REQUIREMENT 3)**

The proposed action results in the construction of a new major emission unit.

**5.0 STATE ENVIRONMENTAL POLICY ACT (REQUIREMENT 4)**

The proposed action is categorically exempt from the requirements of the *State Environmental Policy Act* under WAC 197-11-845.

**6.0 PROCESS DESCRIPTION (REQUIREMENT 5)**

Project W-460 will provide the equipment and modifications necessary for the Plutonium Finishing Plant (PFP) to stabilize and/or repackage plutonium and uranium, oxide and metals, for long-term storage. Within the 2736-Z Building, existing vault storage cubicles will be modified to accommodate larger, long-term storage canisters.

1 Project W-460 consists of distinct modules. A brief description of the Project W-460 modules and  
2 processes are provided as follows.  
3

- 4 • #1-Stabilization Module. The Stabilization Module consists of the material preparation area, furnace  
5 area and the product fill area. In the material preparation area, canned items containing plutonium-  
6 bearing materials are received, measured for accountability, and placed into a furnace tray (or boat)  
7 for insertion into a furnace in the furnace area. The module also provides a waste pathway to dispose  
8 of the waste cans and plastic. In the furnaces, the material in the boats will be heated to greater than  
9 950°C for at least 2 hours, as specified in DOE Standard 3013 (DOE-STD-3013, *Criteria for Safe*  
10 *Storage of Plutonium Metals and Oxides*). The material will be cooled and placed in a convenience  
11 can, sampled to verify dryness and inserted into the Bagless Transfer System (BTS) Module.  
12
- 13 • #2-BTS Module. In the BTS Module, the filled convenience cans will be received from the  
14 Stabilization Module and placed into an inner can. The inner can head space will be backfilled with  
15 helium. A plug will be welded to the inner wall of the container, and the middle of the weld would be  
16 cut (maintaining glovebox confinement at all times).  
17
- 18 • #3-Inner Can Leak Test Module. The Inner Can Leak Test Module will receive an inner welded  
19 container (BTC). Operations in this module will verify the BTC meets or exceeds the leak tightness  
20 requirements of DOE Standard 3013.  
21
- 22 • #4-Outer Can Weld Module. The Outer Can Weld Module will receive a leak-checked BTC. The  
23 BTC will be placed in an outer container. The outer can head space would be backfilled with helium,  
24 and an outer container lid would be welded onto the container in accordance with the requirements of  
25 DOE Standard 3013.  
26
- 27 • #5-Outer Can Leak Test Module. The Outer Can Leak Test Module will receive an outer welded  
28 container (3013 package) and operations in this module will verify the package meets or exceeds the  
29 leak tightness requirements of 3013.  
30
- 31 • #6-NDA Laboratory Modification Module. The Non-Destructive Analysis (NDA) Laboratory will  
32 receive the 3013 package and analyze the 3013 package for isotopic distribution, heat load and  
33 container baseline.  
34
- 35 • #7-Vault Modification Module. The secure vault storage locations in the 2736-Z Building will be  
36 modified to accommodate the 3013 packages. These packages will be sealed, offering no additional  
37 potential-to-emit (PTE). No modifications to the existing 2736-Z Building ventilation system,  
38 exhausting through minor stack 296-Z-6, will be made.  
39
- 40 • #8-Infrastructure Modification Module. Project W-460 will modify existing infrastructure support  
41 systems. Capacities of ventilation systems will be verified and enhanced if necessary. Configuration  
42 of the systems will be modified, if necessary, to provide appropriate separation of PFP and process  
43 enclosure ventilation. New systems will be installed if no system currently exists. Addition of a new  
44 major exhaust stack and associated compliant monitoring equipment is planned. Equipment pads for  
45 a nitrogen system and a gas bottle storage area will be installed.  
46

47 Additional details regarding Project W-460 can be found in HNF-SD-W460-CDR-001, Rev. 1,  
48 *Conceptual Design Report – Plutonium Stabilization and Handling, Project W-460*, and  
49 HNF-SD-W460-FDC-001, Rev. 1, *Functional Design Criteria - Plutonium Stabilization and Handling*  
50 *(PuSH) Project W-460*.  
51

1 Plutonium and uranium that will be processed in the stabilization and repackaging process under  
2 Project W-460 will be in the form of oxides and pure metal (Figure 1). Americium, plutonium, and  
3 uranium oxides will be stabilized by heating the material in an oven to a temperature of greater than  
4 950°C for a minimum of 2 hours.

5  
6 The gloveboxes have two exhaust systems, normal and emergency. The normal exhaust exit points have  
7 a roughing filter and fire screen inside the glovebox. Immediately outside each normal exhaust  
8 connection is a testable high-efficiency particulate air (HEPA) filter. The design temperature inside the  
9 glovebox is approximately 40°C. This is the normal glovebox exhaust temperature. The emergency  
10 exhaust exits do not have any filters or screens inside the glovebox or immediately outside the glovebox.  
11 The normal and emergency exhaust lines are combined and routed to the process exhaust HEPA filter  
12 system, where the temperature will be below the 40°C glovebox temperature.

13  
14 The offgas temperature from the furnaces will be a maximum 4 cubic foot per minute (cfm) at 1,000°C.  
15 Each furnace will have an exhaust outlet line inside the glovebox that will segregate the furnace offgas  
16 from the nitrogen atmosphere within the glovebox. The four exhaust lines (one per furnace) will combine  
17 inside the glovebox and pass through a ceramic HEPA-grade filter. The temperature of the offgas at that  
18 point should be about 150°C. The ceramic filter is designed for 980°C. After the filter, the offgas would  
19 leave the glovebox and enter the glovebox exhaust header. In the header, the offgas will mix with the  
20 approximately 300 cfm of glovebox exhaust (maximum temperature of 40°C) before reaching the two  
21 testable stages of HEPA filters. The 4 cfm of furnace exhaust will not significantly raise the temperature  
22 of the exhaust stream entering the process exhaust HEPA filter system.

23  
24 In-line monitoring equipment will be provided for determining the moisture/volatile content of the  
25 material processed. An alternative method exists to use thermogravimetric mass spectrometer analysis.  
26 The material will be considered thermally stabilized when there is less than 0.5 percent loss on ignition  
27 (LOI). Representative samples of 100 percent of the packages will be subjected to LOI testing (glovebox  
28 GB-642D). The LOI process will verify dryness and suitability for packaging. The LOI process will heat  
29 a sample taken from each material batch. The sample will be weighed and placed into a muffle furnace  
30 where the sample will undergo a heating cycle similar to the stabilization process. After the heating cycle  
31 is completed, the sample will be weighed again and the beginning and ending weights compared. If the  
32 beginning and ending weights differ by less than 0.5 percent, the material will go to final packaging in the  
33 BTS Module. If the difference in weights is greater than 0.5 percent, the material will be sent back  
34 through the stabilization process until the LOI result is less than 0.5 percent. The furnaces will be heated  
35 electrically. The purge gas in the LOI furnace will be 1 cfm of air. The temperature of the offgas will be  
36 approximately 1,150°C to 1,200°C. The offgas will be discharged directly to the glovebox where the  
37 offgas will mix with the approximately 13°C nitrogen atmosphere in the LOI glovebox.

38  
39 Another alternative method (to LOI) for determining the moisture content of the processed material has  
40 been approved by DOE and may be implemented in the future. The method, supercritical fluid extraction  
41 (SFE), involves placing representative samples of stabilized material from a batch into porous sample  
42 cells in a glovebox. Supercritical carbon dioxide (CO<sub>2</sub>, approximately 100°C and 3,000 psi) is passed  
43 through the sample, solubilizing water in the sample. The solubilized water is carried in the fluid stream  
44 to a spectrometer for water detection and quantification. The measured fluid stream, composed of CO<sub>2</sub>  
45 and water, is released into the glovebox atmosphere. In normal operation, it is expected the SFE effluent  
46 would be only CO<sub>2</sub>.

47  
48 All stabilized plutonium-bearing materials will be containerized in an inner-welded and outer-welded  
49 container (i.e., the aforementioned 3013 package) and placed in secure vault storage (2736-Z Building)  
50 pending final disposition. No modification to the existing 2736-Z Building ventilation system, which  
51 exhausts through the 296-Z-6 stack, will be made.

1                   **7.0 ANNUAL POSSESSION QUANTITY AND PHYSICAL FORM**  
2                   **(REQUIREMENTS 8, 10, AND 11)**

3     The following discusses two annual possession quantities. One quantity is for those activities associated  
4     with modifications during construction affecting the existing 2736-ZB Building ventilation system, and  
5     subsequent continued emissions through the existing 296-Z-5 exhaust stack. The other quantity is for  
6     those activities that will result in emissions through the proposed new stack (296-Z-7).

7  
8     The annual possession quantity for modifications during construction activities affecting the existing  
9     2736-ZB Building ventilation system (exhausting through the existing 296-Z-5 exhaust stack) was  
10    estimated based on emissions from calendar year 1998. It was conservatively estimated that during  
11    modifications, residual contamination on the ductwork might be knocked loose and be re-introduced to  
12    the existing ventilation system. The total measured release from the 296-Z-5 exhaust stack for calendar  
13    year 1998, as documented in DOE/RL-99-41 (*Radionuclide Air Emissions Report for the Hanford Site,*  
14    *Calendar Year 1998*), was used as a basis for estimating the annual possession quantity. These data  
15    indicate that total alpha was not detected and total beta was  $1.2 \times 10^{-7}$  curies. Therefore, for conservatism,  
16    100 times the 1998 emissions from the 296-Z-5 stack (i.e.,  $1.2 \times 10^{-5}$  curies) is the maximum annual  
17    possession quantity anticipated during construction activities associated with Project W-460. The  
18    existing ventilation and monitoring systems for the 2736-ZB Building will remain operational during  
19    modification/construction activities. Alarms will be activated in the event of off-normal emissions. Work  
20    would cease until the source/extent of the contamination could be assessed. Work control procedures will  
21    be modified and implemented to ensure personnel and public safety before continuation of activities.

22  
23    The annual possession quantity for operations (i.e., stabilization and packaging activities) resulting in  
24    emissions through the new stack (296-Z-7) is based on a conservative estimate for the maximum amount  
25    of material that could be stabilized and repackaged in a year. The annual possession quantity for  
26    Project W-460 assumed an annual throughput of 1.6 metric tonnes plutonium (100 percent  
27    plutonium-239), 1.1 metric tonnes uranium (100 percent uranium-233), and 0.01 metric tonnes americium  
28    (100 percent americium-241).

29  
30    The physical form of all radionuclides encountered during construction, stabilization, and packaging  
31    activities would be expected to be dry particulates. The physical form of all radionuclides emitted is  
32    expected to be particulate.

33  
34    Potential radionuclides expected to be encountered during construction, stabilization, and packaging  
35    activities include: uranium-235, uranium-238, plutonium-238, plutonium-239, plutonium-240,  
36    plutonium-241, plutonium-242, americium-241, and americium-243.

37  
38  
39                   **8.0 ABATEMENT TECHNOLOGY AND CONCEPTUAL DRAWING(S)**  
40                   **(REQUIREMENTS 6 AND 7)**

41    Excavation activities, as necessary to support Project W-460 (e.g., installation of the nitrogen system and  
42    gas bottle storage pads and new stack) will be conducted in a similar fashion as those activities performed  
43    for the 200 West Area Regional Drainfield (Project L-281, September 1998). For example (as discussed  
44    in the "Notice of Construction for Guzzler Excavation and Backfilling Activities in Support of the L-281:  
45    200 West Area Regional Drainfield," approved by WDOH, September 8, 1998), during excavation in  
46    potentially contaminated areas, the soils will be surveyed over every linear and vertical foot before  
47    excavation. Any hot specks detected will be removed and containerized before the excavation is allowed  
48    to continue, unless located at the bottom of the excavation (these specks will be covered with clean fill).

1 For the purpose of this NOC the term hot speck and speck are used interchangeably. A hot speck/speck is  
2 defined as a very small amount (i.e., a pebble, metal turning, etc.) of contamination reading up to  
3 500,000 counts-per minute (cpm) beta-gamma and/or >50 cpm alpha. The contaminated soil will be (in  
4 piles) from the "clean" soil during excavation. Contaminated soil will be controlled using water, fixatives  
5 or covers.  
6

7 If the radiological contamination is determined to be more extensive, the spread of contamination will be  
8 controlled both during the excavation and during the backfilling of the soil. A minimal amount of water  
9 could be applied using a hand-held sprayer to control the generation of dust (and contamination).  
10

11 After the backfilling of the excavation where radiologically contaminated soil in the excavation has been  
12 removed and used as backfill, the area will be surveyed to verify no radiological contamination is present  
13 on the soil surface. If contamination is present on the surface, the soil either will be removed and  
14 containerized or covered with clean fill material or fixatives to prevent the spread of the contamination.  
15 The area will be radiologically posted, both during and after completion of the project.  
16

17 Figure 2 shows the overall ventilation schematic emission sources, identifying safety systems, structures  
18 and components. This figure depicts the general flow patterns for the various offgas systems.  
19 Figures 3 through 7 contain general schematics of the proposed ventilation system modifications for the  
20 2736-ZB Building.  
21

22 For clarity, additional preliminary engineering drawings are provided in Attachment A. These drawings  
23 detail the following:  
24

- 25 • Location of filters on exhaust systems of gloveboxes and furnaces: Drawing # H-2-829445
- 26 • Location of high-temperature equipment: Drawings # H-2-829969 and H-2-829971; two furnace  
27 sketches supporting Drawing H-2-829969
- 28 • Direction and path of airflow: Drawing # H-2-829442
- 29 • Location of sampling lines on new stack (296-Z-7): Drawing # H-2-829485
- 30 • Location of additional controls on ventilation system: Drawing # H-2-829443.  
31

32 Emissions resulting from work performed within the 2736-ZB Building will be exhausted out the existing  
33 296-Z-5 stack, which contains two stages of HEPA filtration with a minimum efficiency of 99.95 percent  
34 for particles with a median diameter of 0.3 micron. The average flow rate in 1998 was reported to be  
35 4.9 cubic meters per second (10,000 cubic feet per minute) (DOE/RL-99-41).  
36

37 Project W-460 stabilization and packaging activities will be conducted predominantly in Rooms 642 and  
38 641 (Figures 8 and 9). The resulting emissions will be exhausted through the new stack (296-Z-7) that  
39 will contain two stages of HEPA filtration (credit taken for only one stage) with a minimum efficiency of  
40 99.95 percent for particles with a median diameter of 0.3 micron. The maximum flowrate from the new  
41 stack is projected to be 0.8 cubic meter per second (1,800 cubic feet per minute).



1           **12.0 COST FACTORS AND FACILITY LIFETIME (REQUIREMENTS 16 AND 17)**

2           Requirement 16 is not applicable because a best available radionuclide control technology (BARCT)  
3           demonstration is provided (Attachment C).

4  
5           The maximum design life of the project is approximately 11 years (completion on or before  
6           October 1, 2010).

7  
8  
9           **13.0 TECHNOLOGY STANDARDS (REQUIREMENT 18)**

10          The 296-Z-5 and 296-Z-6 stacks are registered emissions units with WDOH. The design and operation of  
11          these stacks will not be modified to support Project W-460.

12  
13          The new stack (296-Z-7) will be a registered emissions unit with WDOH. The new stack will meet  
14          control technology standards listed in WAC 246-247-110(18). Drawing H-2-829485 (Attachment A)  
15          pertains to the installation design of the new stack monitoring system. The stack monitoring system will  
16          use two shrouded probes located in the exhaust stream within the stack at an elevation of approximately  
17          25 feet abovegrade. The location of the probes was selected to ensure good mixing before sampling, to  
18          provide accessibility for maintenance, and to stay away from the top of the stack to minimize wind  
19          effects. Each probe will have a separate sample line to deliver a sample stream to stack monitoring  
20          equipment located at the base of the stack. One sample line will be dedicated to continuous alpha  
21          monitoring and the other sample line will be dedicated to a record filter. The sample flow will be  
22          maintained proportional to the stack flow. A stack mass flow sensor will be located near the location of  
23          the shrouded probes. Inspection and test ports will be provided.

24  
25          Fail and radiation high alarms will be provided on the alpha monitor. Alarm signals will be tied into an  
26          existing annunciator panel and will be used to notify operators of any off-normal conditions requiring  
27          immediate corrective action. Sample pumps located downstream of the alpha monitor and record sampler  
28          in the pump skid will draw representative samples from the stack stream. Exhaust from the pumps will be  
29          returned to the stack above the sample location.

30  
31          Qualification of the stack monitoring system will follow the standard ANSI/HPS N13.1. Acceptance  
32          criteria are summarized in Table 4 of that standard. Testing will be conducted on a scale model of the  
33          stack to characterize the mixing and flow patterns of the stack configuration. Additional testing on the  
34          completed stack will be conducted to validate the system to ensure representative sampling at the location  
35          of the shrouded probes. Depositional losses in the sample lines will be evaluated using the Deposition 4.0  
36          computer code as described in Paragraph 6.4.1 of ANSI/HPS N13.1. Results of qualification testing and  
37          analysis will be documented and issued in a final report.

14.0 REFERENCES

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AIR 92-107, letter, A.W. Conklin, Washington State Department of Health, to J.D. Bauer,  
U.S. Department of Energy, Richland Operations Office, no subject, October 5, 1992.

ANSI/HPS N13.1-1999, *Sampling and Monitoring Releases of Airborne Radioactive Substances from the Stacks and Ducts of Nuclear Facilities*, American National Standards Institute, Inc.

DOE-STD-3013-96 and/or latest revision, *Criteria for Safe Storage of Plutonium Metals and Oxides*.

DOE/RL-99-41, *Radionuclide Air Emissions Report for the Hanford Site Calendar Year 1998*, June 1999, U.S. Department of Energy, Richland Operations Office, Richland, Washington.

HNF-SD-CP-SAR-021, Rev 1, *Plutonium Finishing Plant Final Safety Analysis Report*, Fluor Daniel Hanford, Richland, Washington..

HNF-SD-W460-CDR-001, Rev. 1, *Conceptual Design Report – Plutonium Stabilization and Handling, Project W-460*, Fluor Daniel Hanford, Richland, Washington.

HNF-SD-W460-FDC-001, Rev. 1, *Functional Design Criteria - Plutonium Stabilization and Handling (PuSH) Project W-460*, Fluor Daniel Hanford, Richland, Washington.

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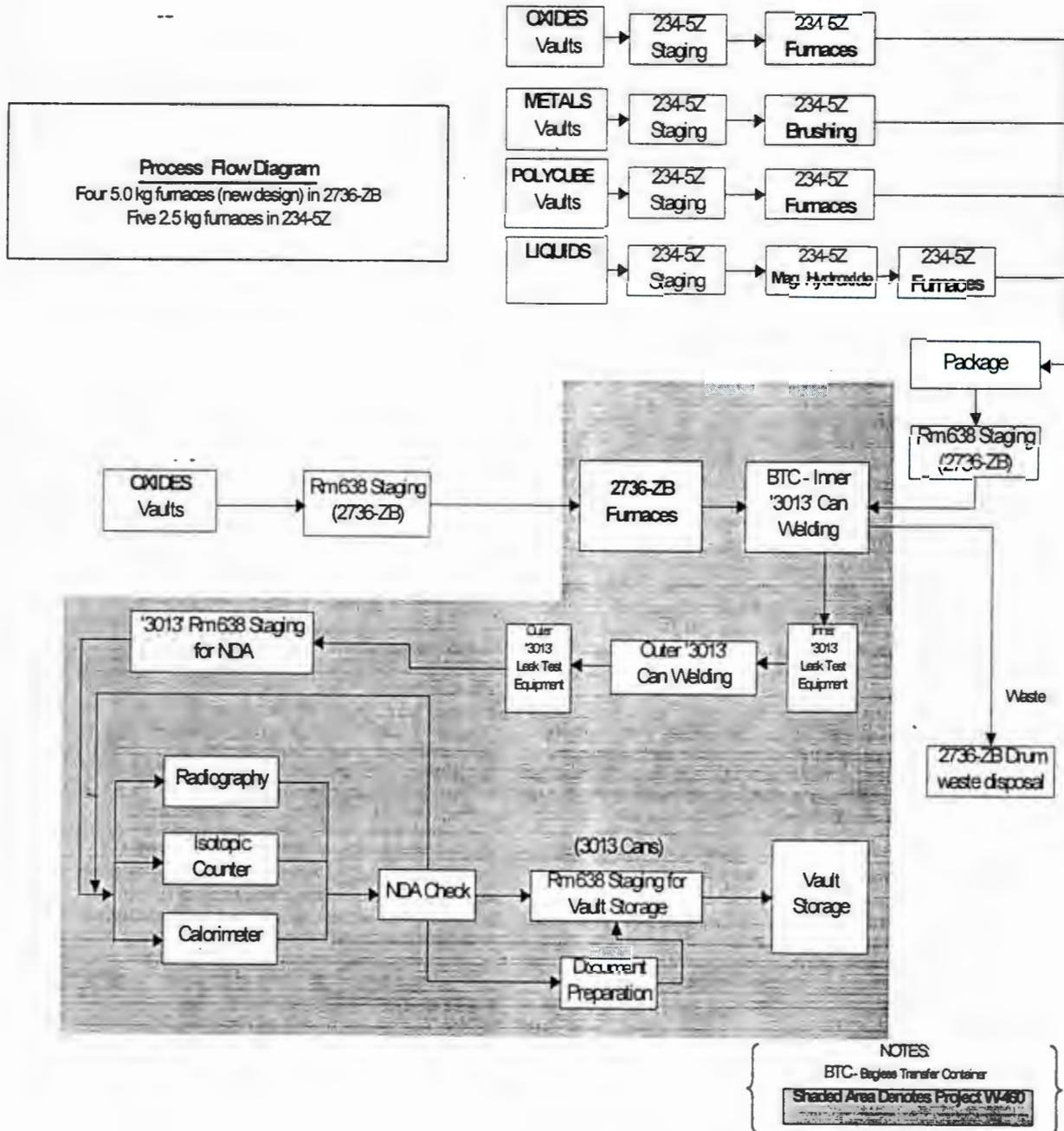


Figure 1. Process Flow Diagram.

Ventilation Schematic and Identification of Safety Systems, Structures, and Components.

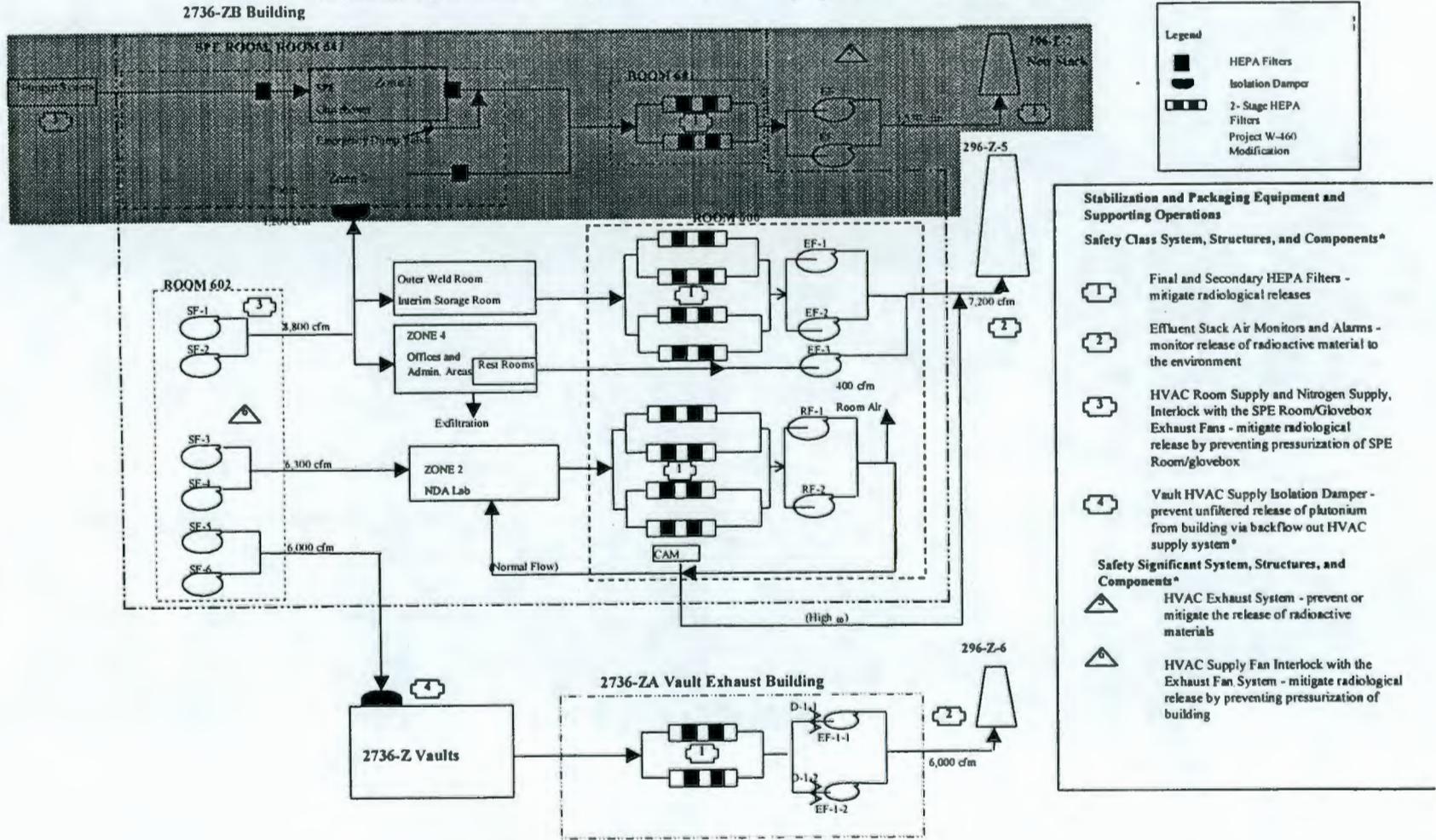


Figure 2. Ventilation Schematic for Project W-460.

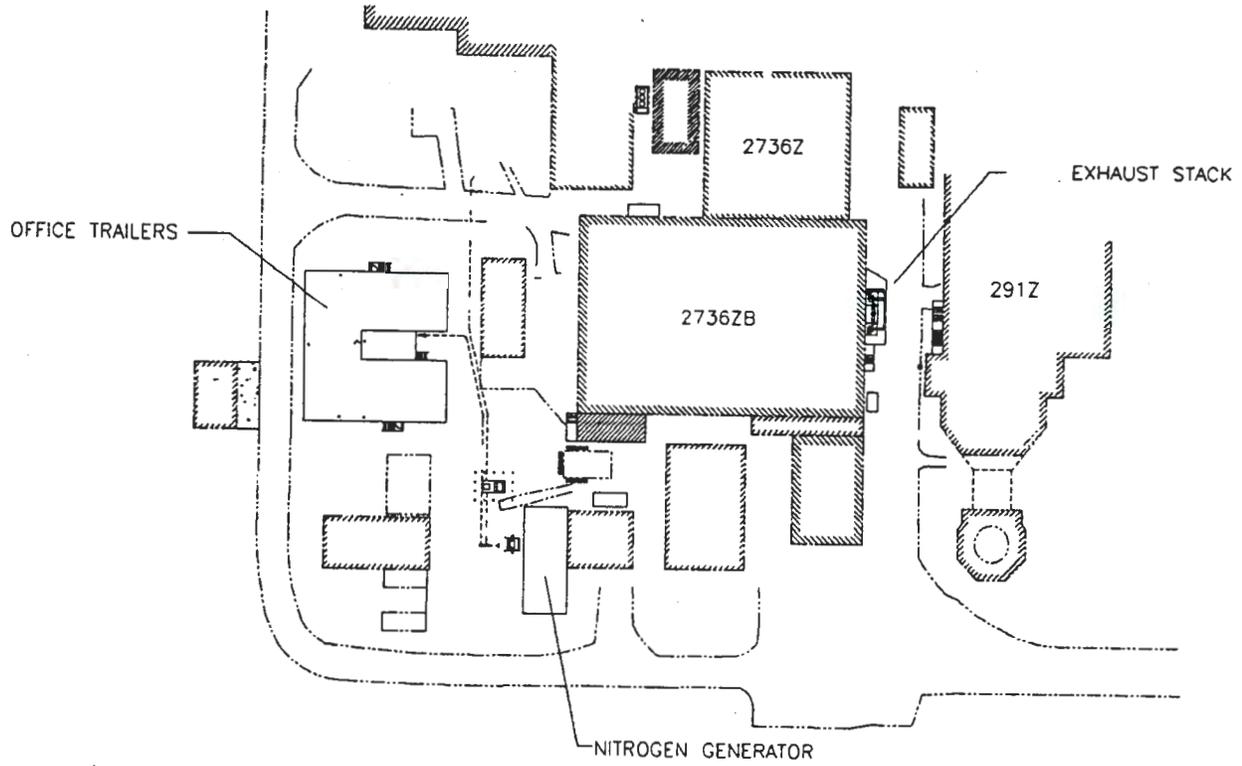


Figure 3. Site Plan.

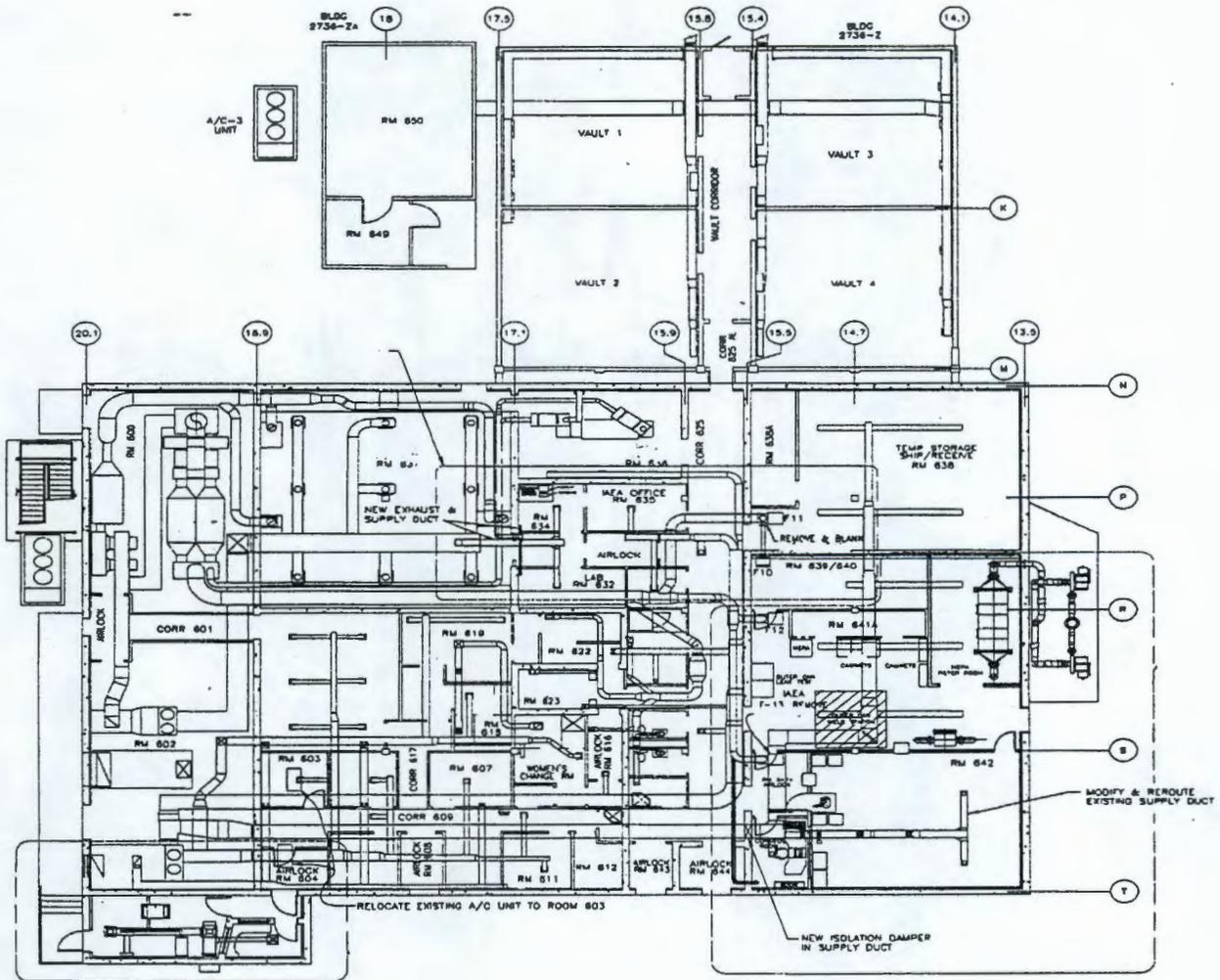


Figure 4. 2736-ZB Floor Plan.



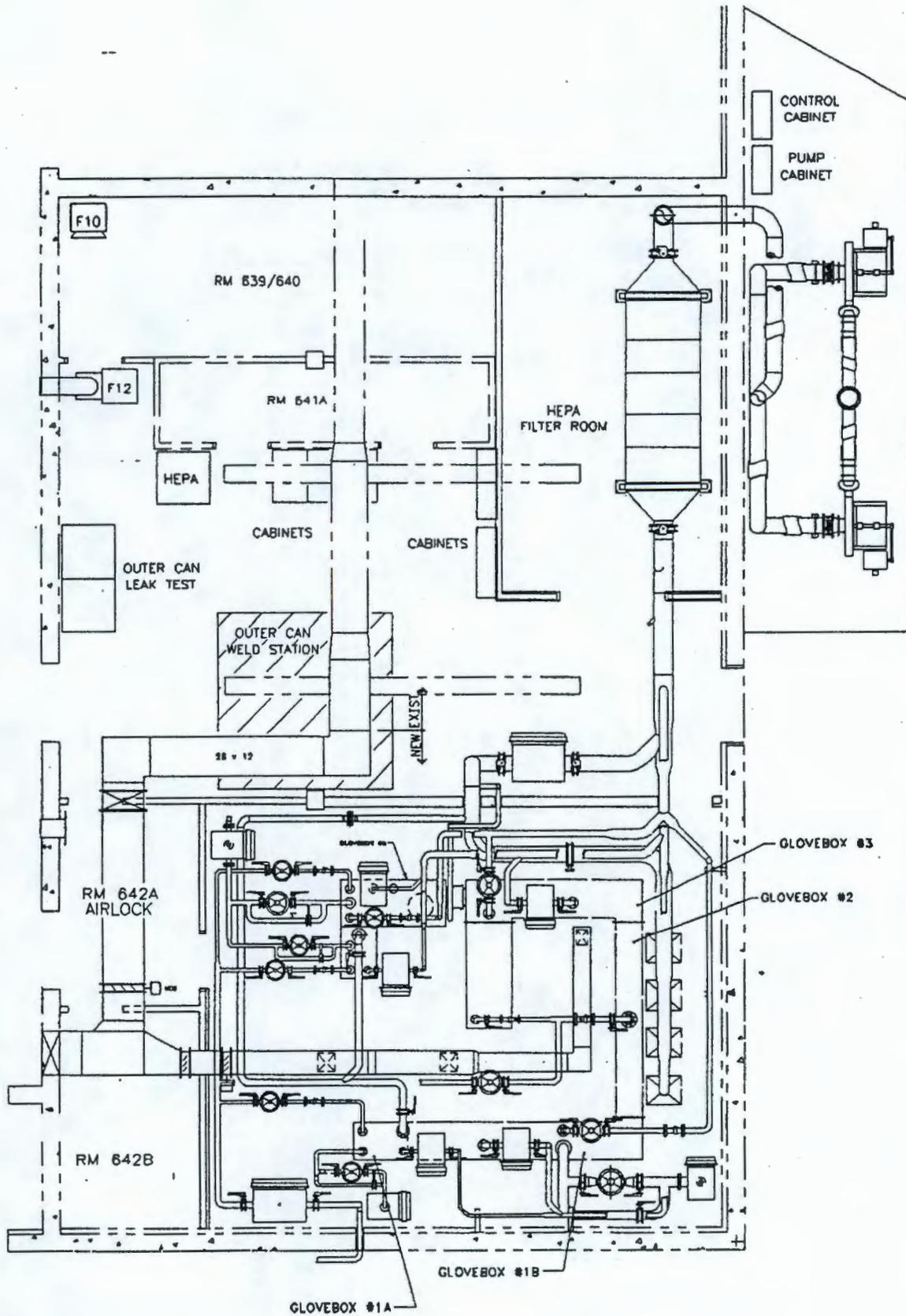


Figure 6. 2736-ZB Building New Process Ventilation System.

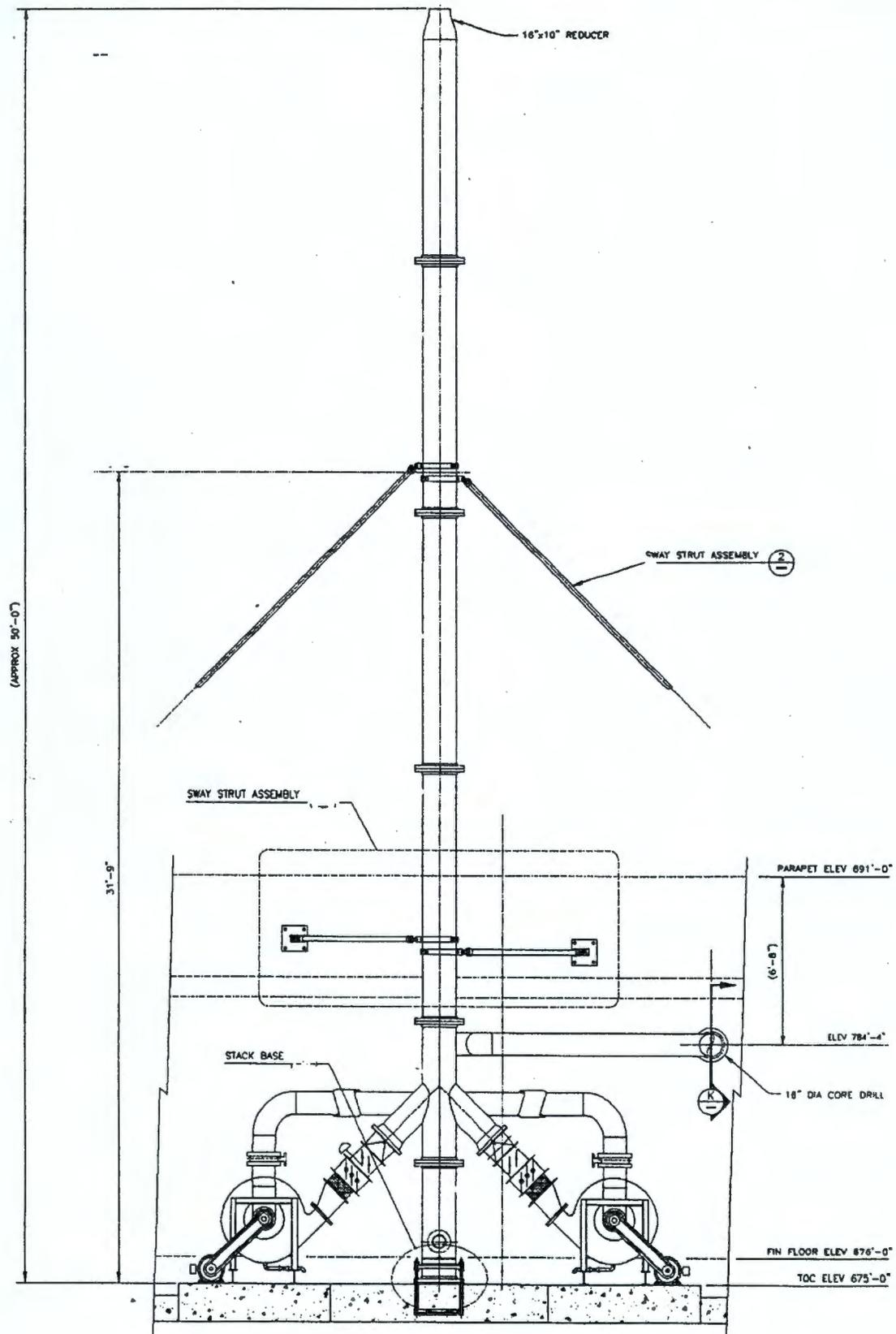


Figure 7. 2736-ZB Building New Process Exhaust System Stack.

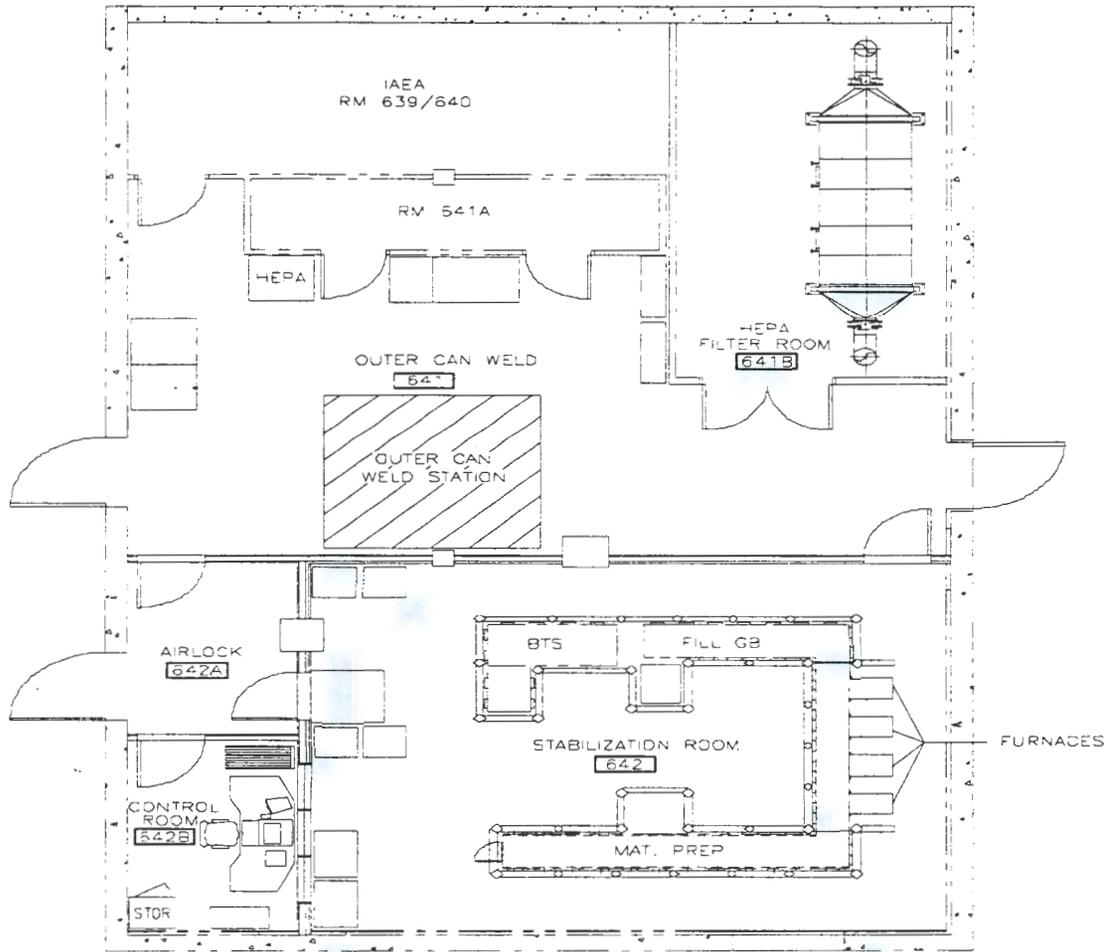


Figure 8. 2736-ZB Building, Rooms 641/642 Layout.

11

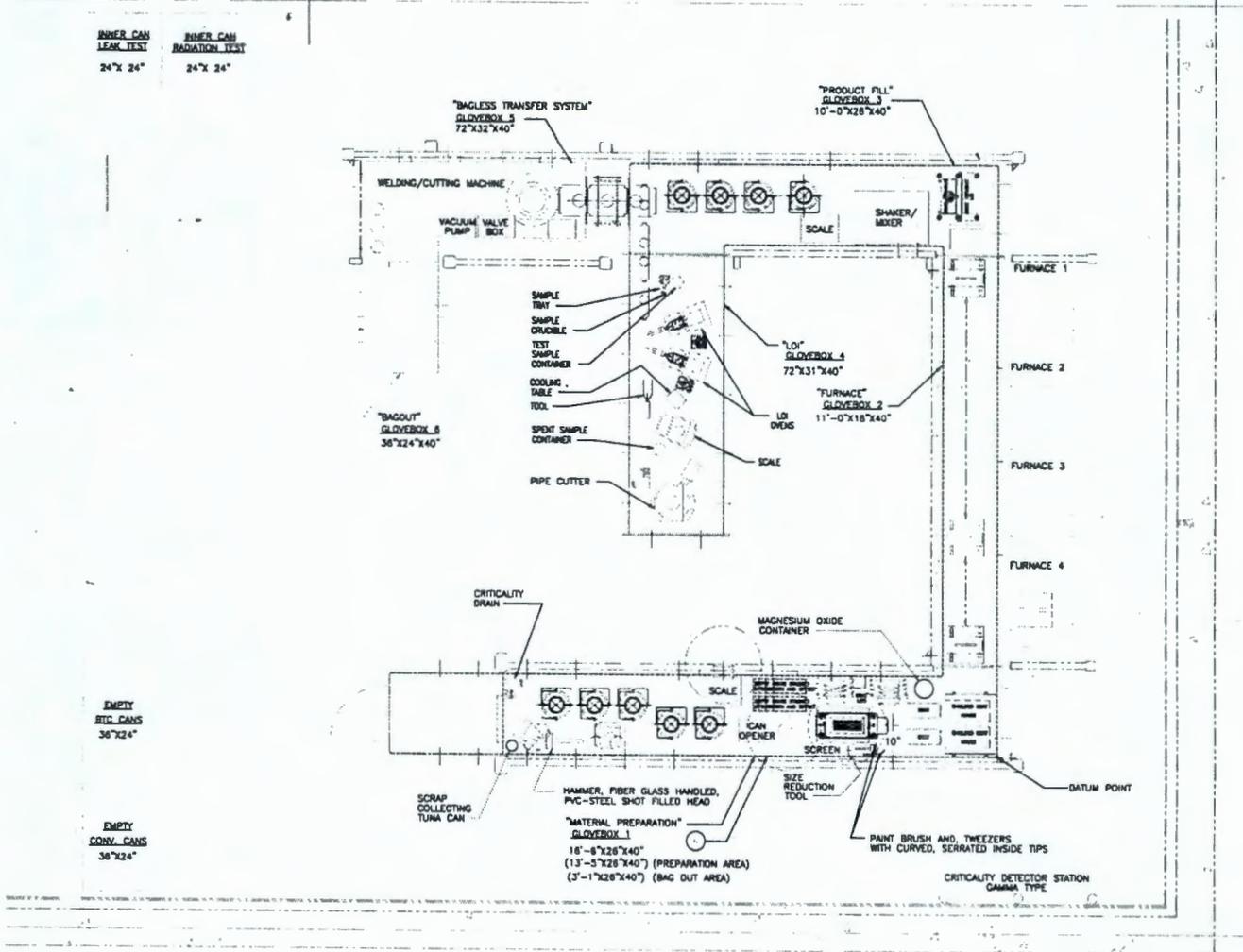


Figure 9. 2736-ZB Building, Room 642 Glovebox Layout.

1  
2  
3  
4  
5

--  
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**ATTACHMENT A**

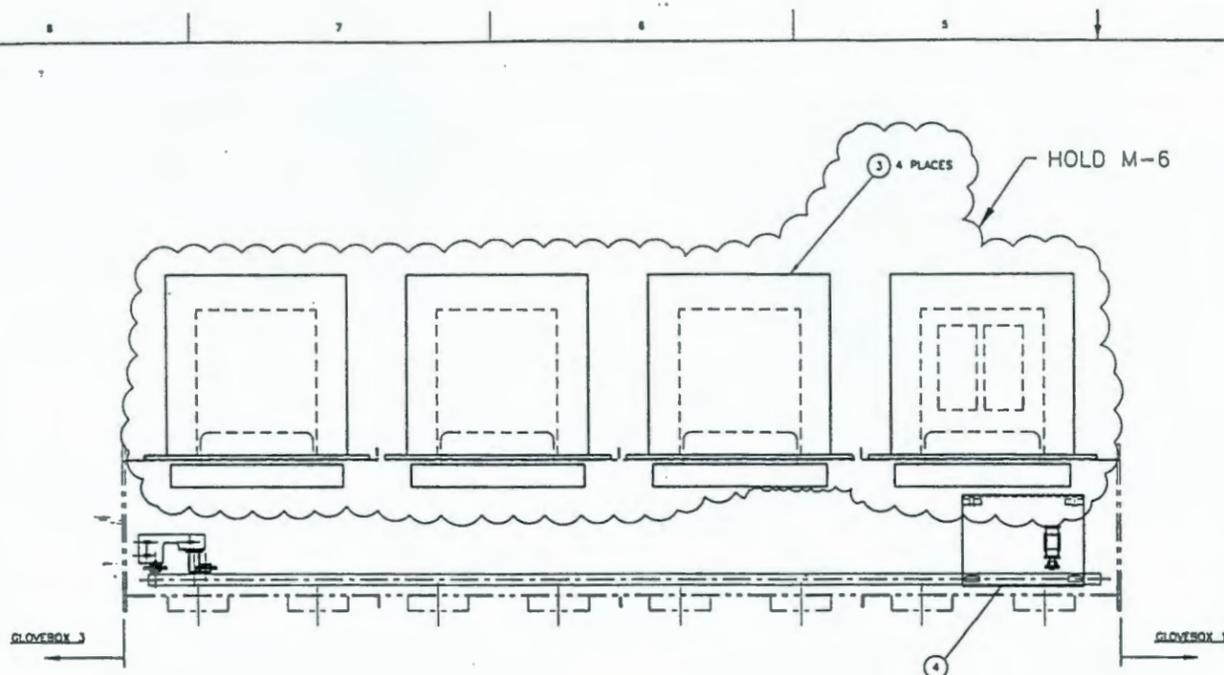
**PRELIMINARY ENGINEERING DRAWINGS**

- 1
- 2
- 3
- 4
- 5
- 6
- 7 • Location of filters on exhaust systems of gloveboxes and furnaces: Drawing # H-2-829445 (sheet 1 of
- 8 5).
- 9 • Location of high-temperature equipment: Drawings # H-2-829969 (sheet 1 of 1) and H-2-829971
- 10 (sheet 1 of 1); 2 furnace sketches supporting Drawing H-2-829969.
- 11 • Direction and path of airflow: Drawing # H-2-829442 (sheet 1 of 1).
- 12 • Location of sampling lines on new stack (296-Z-7): Drawing # H-2-829485 (sheets 1 and 2 of 2).
- 13 • Location of additional controls on ventilation system: Drawing # H-2-829443 (sheets 1 – 9 of 9).
- 14
- 15

1  
2  
3  
4  
5

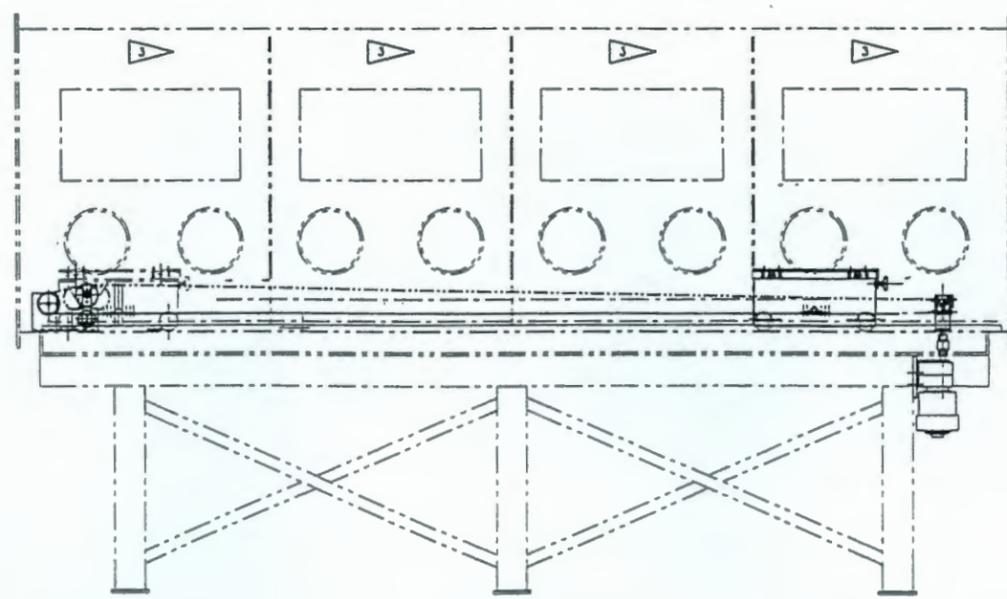
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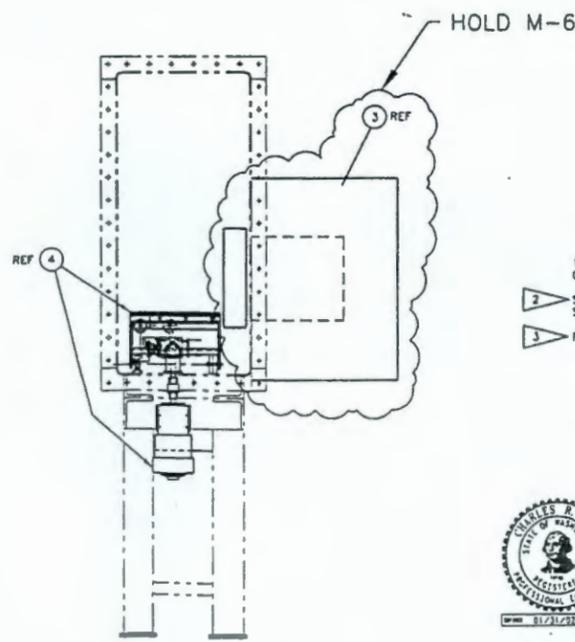


PLAN VIEW  
SCALE: 1/8

PARTS/MATERIAL LIST					
QTY	HTG	PART/DASH NUMBER	NOMENCLATURE/DESCRIPTION	MATERIAL/REFERENCE	ITEM NO
1	SAFETY	-010	ASSEMBLY		1
4	SC	H-2-829966	ASSEMBLY, FURNACE		2
1	GS	H-2-829965-010	ASSEMBLY, TROLLEY		3
					4
					5
					6



1 ASSEMBLY  
SCALE: 1/8



HOLD TABLE		
HOLD NO.	DESCRIPTION	EXPECTED RLSE DATE
M-6	ITEM 3, FURNACE ASSEMBLY	6/30/00

GENERAL NOTES

- EQUIPMENT INSTALLATION SHALL BE IN ACCORDANCE WITH CONSTRUCTION SPECIFICATION W-480-C2
- SAFETY CLASSIFIED ITEMS ARE IDENTIFIED AS FOLLOWS:  
SAFETY CLASS (SC), SAFETY SIGNIFICANT (SS), OR GENERAL SERVICE (GS).
- FURNACE TEMPERATURE DISPLAY READOUT IS LOCATED OUTSIDE GLOVEBOX

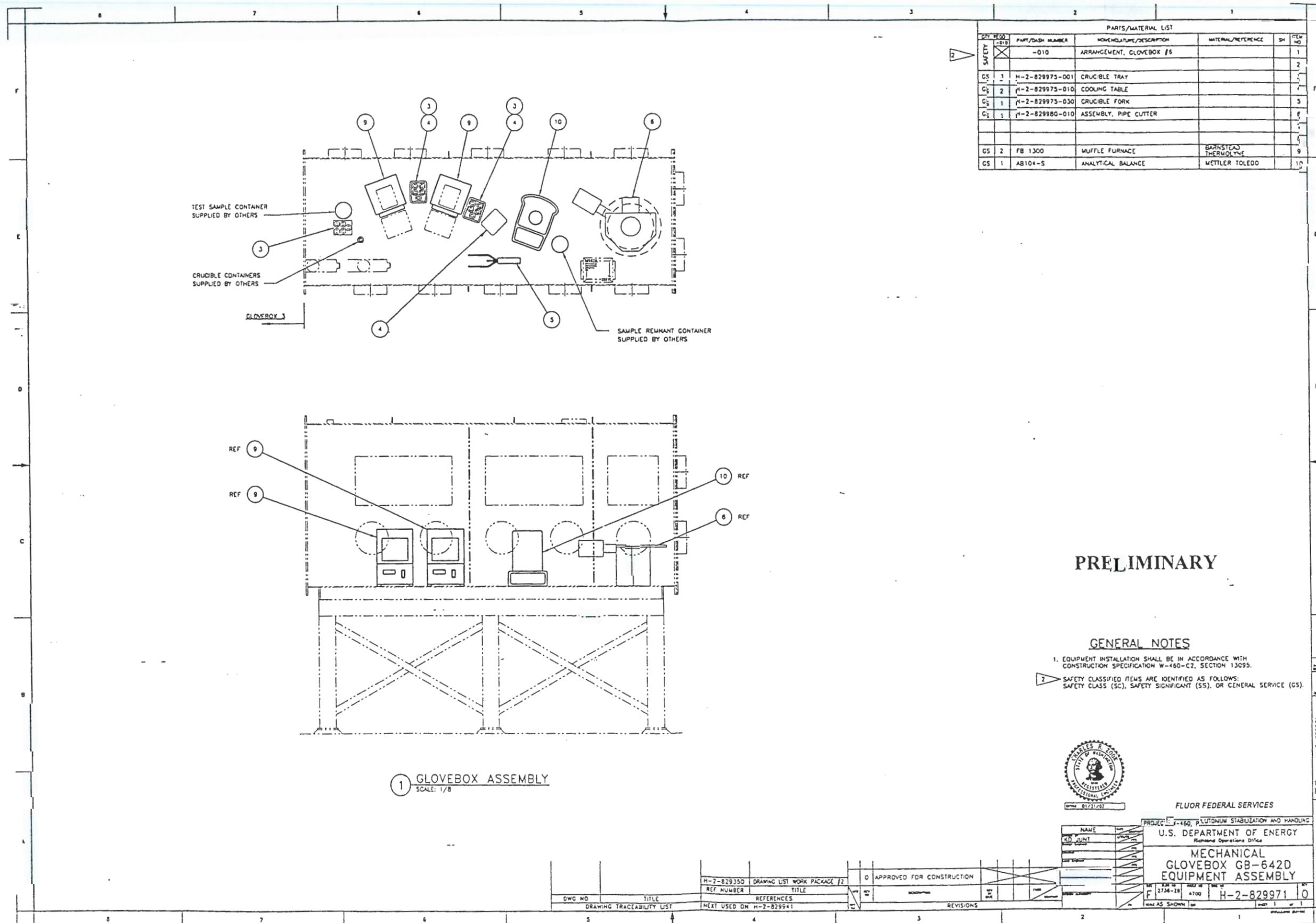
PRELIMINARY



FLUOR FEDERAL SERVICES

DWG NO	TITLE	REFERENCES	ISSUED FOR CONSTRUCTION	REVISIONS
H-2-8293-0	DRAWING LIST WORK PACKAGE #2		0	
H-2-829941	DRAWING TRACEABILITY LIST			

PROJECT: W-480, PLUTONIUM STABILIZATION AND HANDLING  
U.S. DEPARTMENT OF ENERGY  
Richmond Operations Office  
MECHANICAL GLOVEBOX GB-642B EQUIPMENT ASSEMBLY  
F 2734-28 4700 H-2-829969 0  
REV. 1 OF 1



PARTS/MATERIAL LIST					
QTY REQ	PART/DASH NUMBER	NOMENCLATURE/DESCRIPTION	MATERIAL/REFERENCE	SH	ITEM NO
SAFETY	-010	ARRANGEMENT, GLOVEBOX #8			1
GS	1	H-2-829973-001	CRUCIBLE TRAY		2
GS	2	H-2-829973-010	COOLING TABLE		3
GS	1	H-2-829973-030	CRUCIBLE FORK		4
GS	1	H-2-829980-010	ASSEMBLY, PIPE CUTTER		5
GS	2	FB 1300	MUFFLE FURNACE	BARNSTEAD THERMOLOYNE	9
GS	1	AB104-S	ANALYTICAL BALANCE	METTLER TOLEDO	10

**PRELIMINARY**

**GENERAL NOTES**

- EQUIPMENT INSTALLATION SHALL BE IN ACCORDANCE WITH CONSTRUCTION SPECIFICATION W-460-C2, SECTION 13095.
- SAFETY CLASSIFIED ITEMS ARE IDENTIFIED AS FOLLOWS: SAFETY CLASS (SC), SAFETY SIGNIFICANT (SS), OR GENERAL SERVICE (GS).



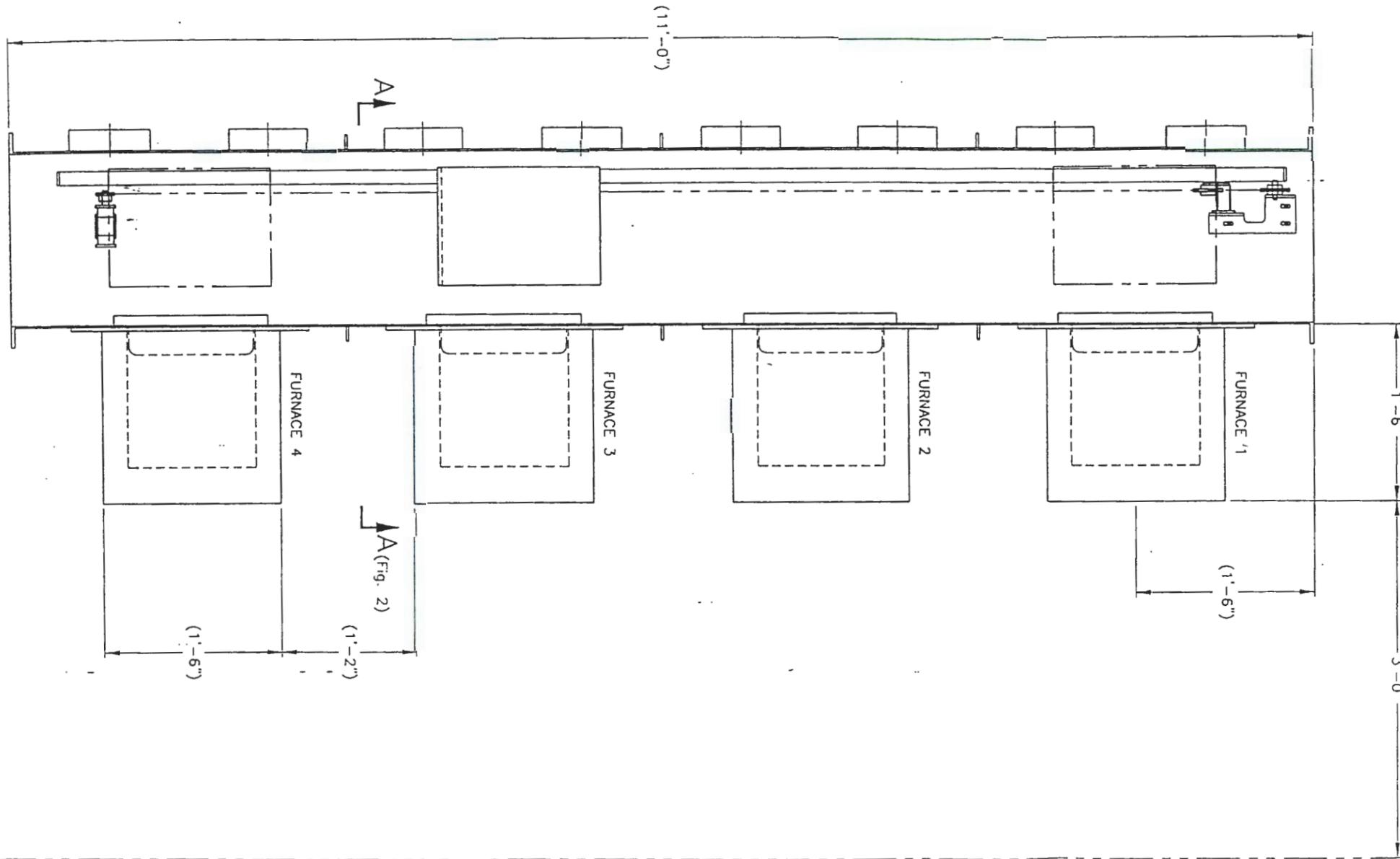
FLUOR FEDERAL SERVICES

PROJECT: X-460, PLUTONIUM STABILIZATION AND HANDLING  
U.S. DEPARTMENT OF ENERGY  
Richland Operations Office

MECHANICAL  
GLOVEBOX GB-642D  
EQUIPMENT ASSEMBLY

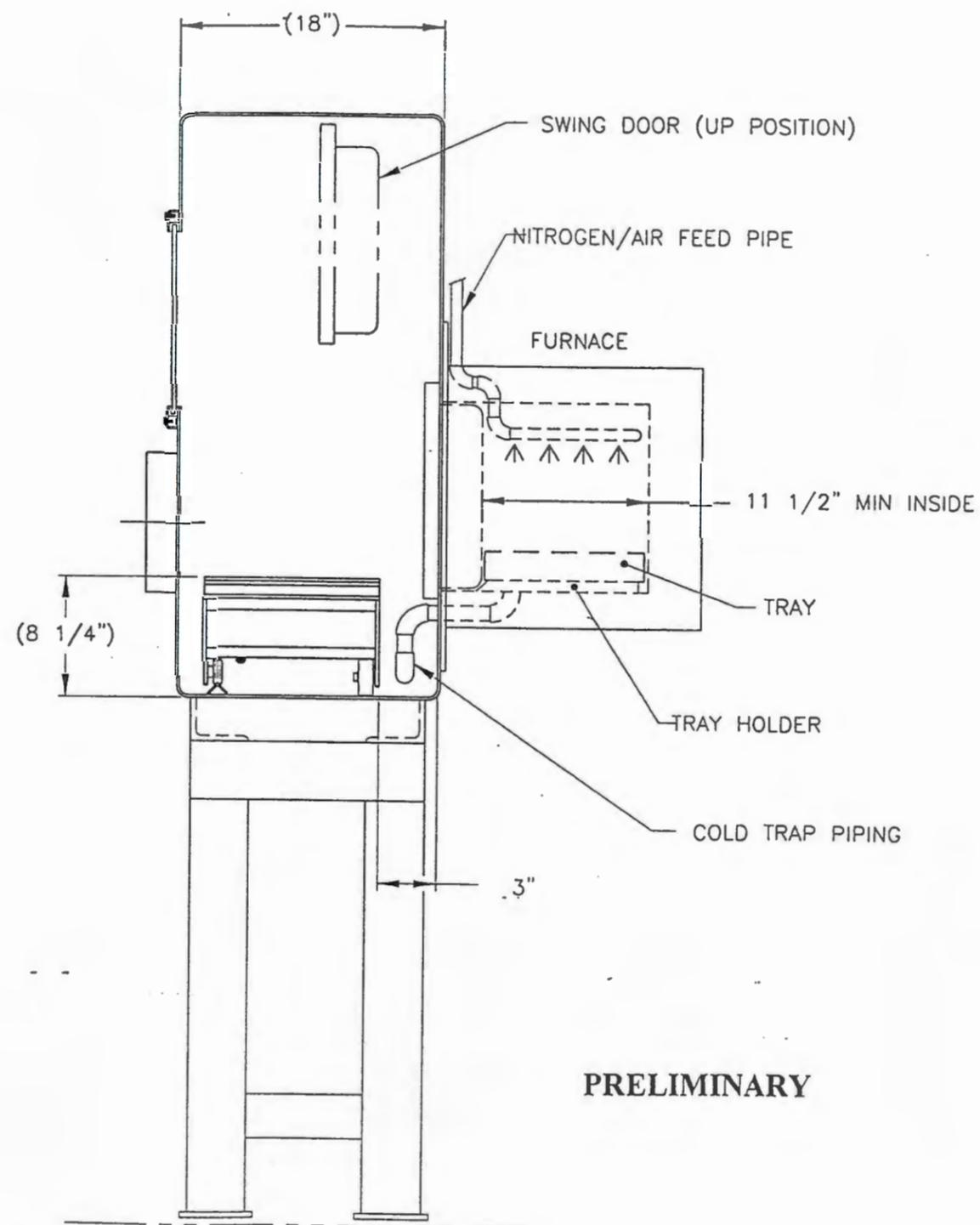
DATE: 2738-28 4700  
DRAWN BY: H-2-829971  
SCALE: AS SHOWN

DWG NO	TITLE	REFERENCES	REVISIONS
H-2-829350	DRAWING LIST WORK PACKAGE #2		0 APPROVED FOR CONSTRUCTION



PRELIMINARY

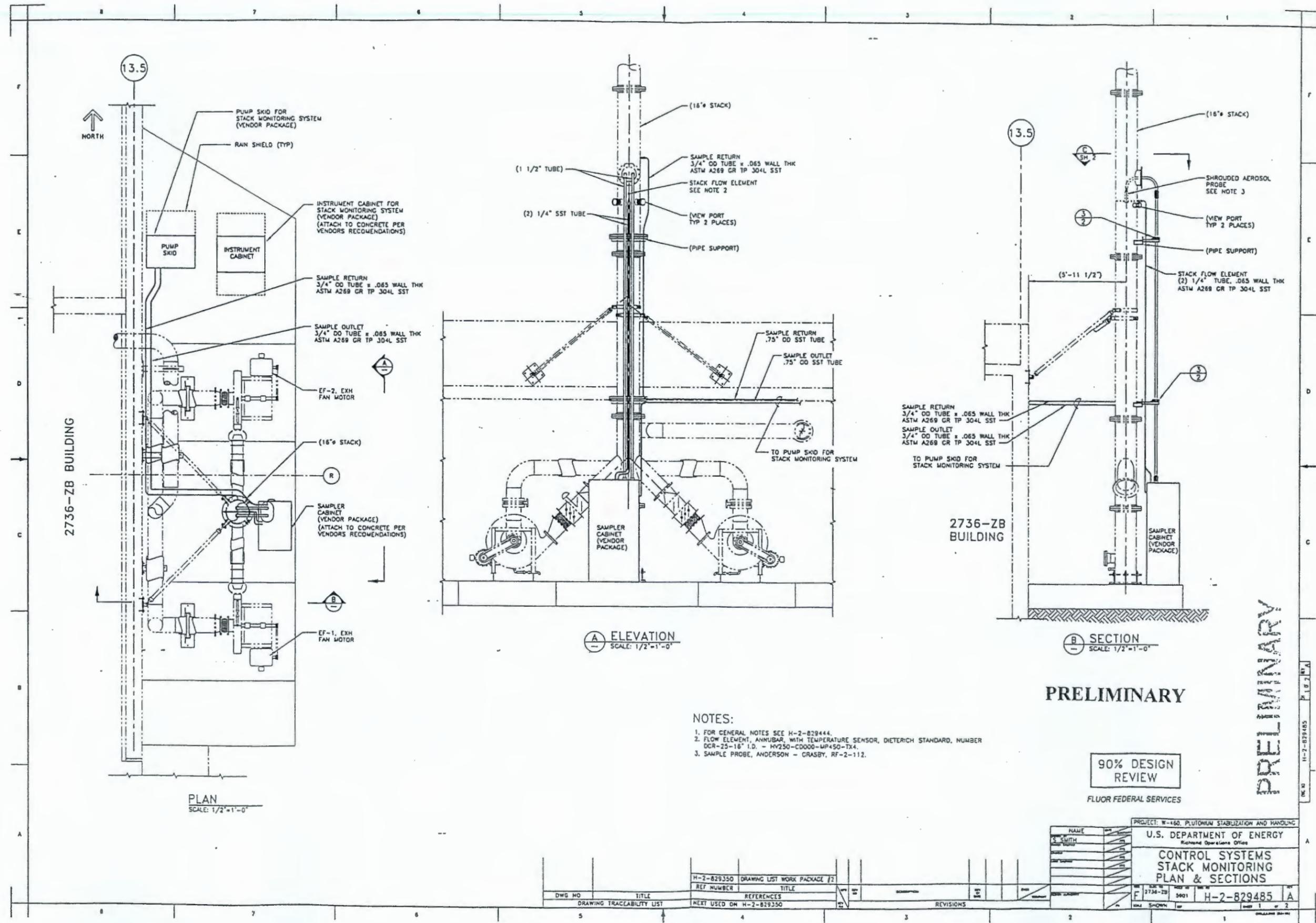
Furnace sketch (1 of 2) supporting Drawing H-2-829969.



SECTION A-A  
SCALE: NONE

Furnace sketch (2 of 2) supporting Drawing H-2-829969.





2736-ZB BUILDING

2736-ZB BUILDING

PRELIMINARY

**(A) ELEVATION**  
SCALE: 1/2"=1'-0"

**(B) SECTION**  
SCALE: 1/2"=1'-0"

**PLAN**  
SCALE: 1/2"=1'-0"

**PRELIMINARY**

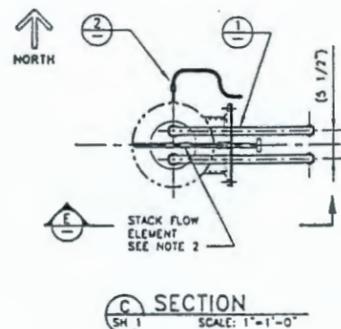
90% DESIGN REVIEW

FLUOR FEDERAL SERVICES

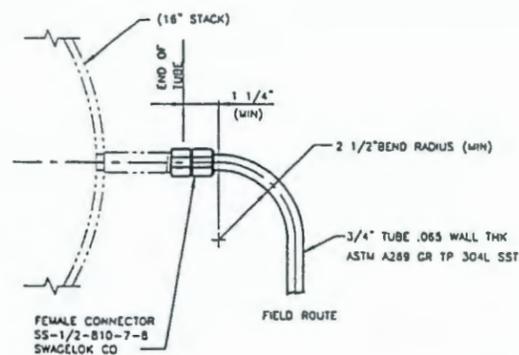
- NOTES:
1. FOR GENERAL NOTES SEE H-2-829444.
  2. FLOW ELEMENT, ANHUSBAR, WITH TEMPERATURE SENSOR, DIETRICH STANDARD, NUMBER DCR-23-18" I.D. = HY250-CD000-UP450-TX4.
  3. SAMPLE PROBE, ANDERSON - CRASBY, RF-2-112.

PROJECT: W-460, PLUTONIUM STABILIZATION AND HANDLING	
U.S. DEPARTMENT OF ENERGY Richmond Operations Office	
CONTROL SYSTEMS STACK MONITORING PLAN & SECTIONS	
DATE: 11-2-00	REV: 1
DWG NO: H-2-829485	TITLE: A

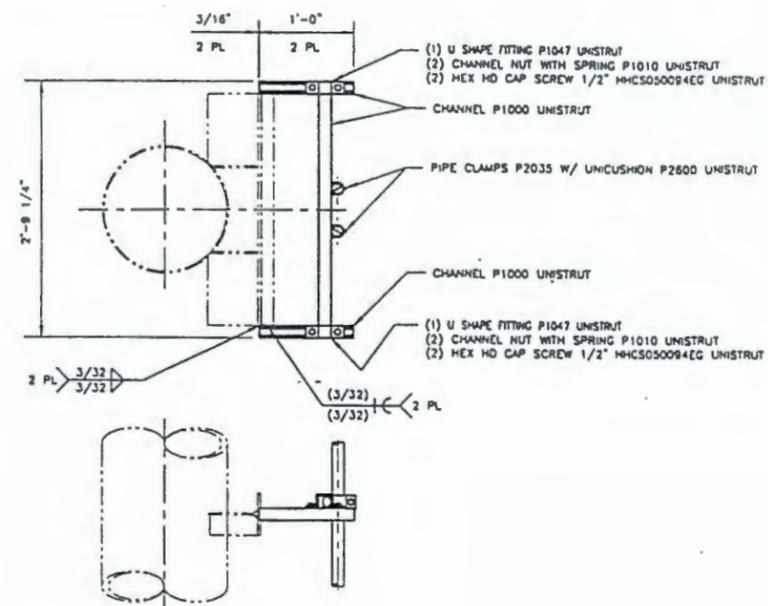
DWG NO	TITLE	REFERENCES	REVISIONS
H-2-829350	DRAWING LIST WORK PACKAGE #2		
DRAWING TRACEABILITY LIST			
NEXT USED ON H-2-829350			



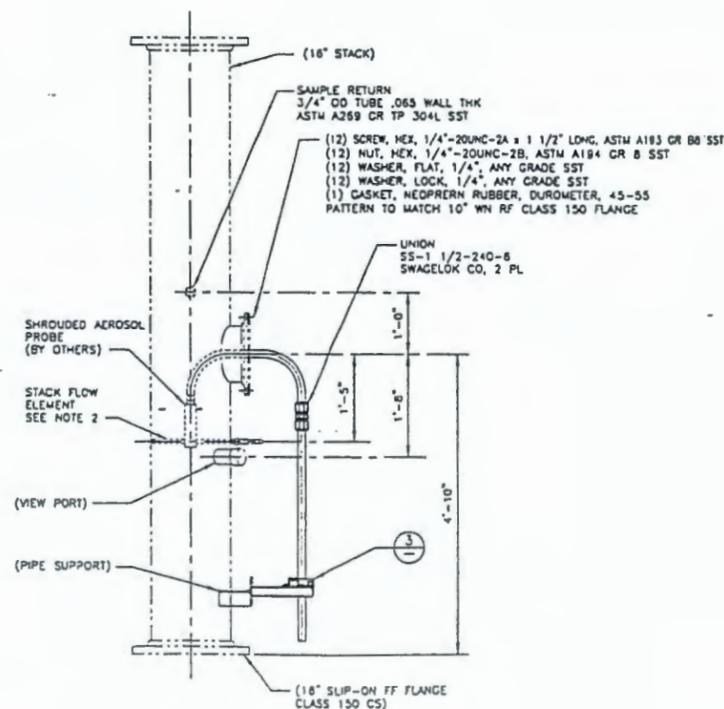
SECTION C  
SCALE: 1"=1'-0"



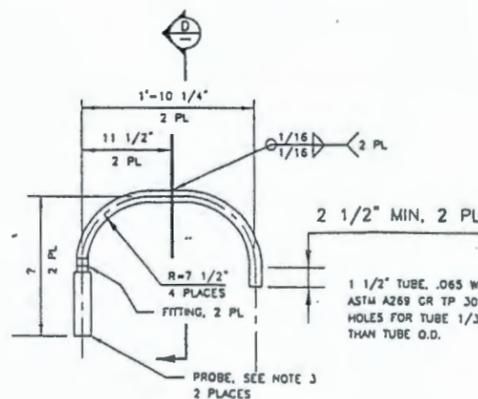
DETAIL 2  
SCALE: NTS



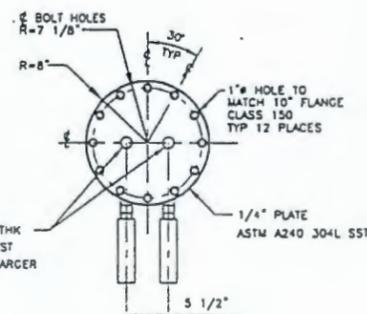
DETAIL 3  
SCALE: 1 1/2"=1'-0"



SECTION E  
SCALE: 1"=1'-0"



DETAIL 1  
SCALE: 1 1/2"=1'-0"



SECTION D  
SCALE: 1 1/2"=1'-0"

**PRELIMINARY**

FOR NOTES SEE SHEET 1

90% DESIGN REVIEW

FLUOR FEDERAL SERVICES

PROJECT: W-460, PLUTONIUM STABILIZATION AND HANDLING

U.S. DEPARTMENT OF ENERGY  
Nuclear Operations Office

CONTROL SYSTEMS  
STACK MONITORING  
PLAN, SECTIONS & DETAILS

NO.	DATE	BY	CHKD.	DESCRIPTION
1	07/24/98	SMITH		ISSUED FOR CONSTRUCTION
2				

H-2-829485 A

DWG NO.	TITLE	REFERENCES	REVISIONS
H-2-829350	DRAWING LIST WORK PACKAGE 17		

PRELIMINARY

**LINE TYPES:**

- HVAC DUCT LINE
- PIPING LINE
- NEW LINE OR EQUIPMENT
- INSTRUMENTATION OR EQUIPMENT
- EXISTING LINE OR EQUIPMENT
- ELECTRICAL SIGNAL
- COMMUNICATION SYSTEM LINK (SOFTWARE, DATA SERIAL, PARALLEL)
- PNEUMATIC SIGNAL
- PURCHASED PACKAGE
- FLOW DIRECTION
- INSULATED LINE

**VALVES:**

- BALL VALVE (BV)
- GLOBE VALVE (GV)
- BUTTERFLY DAMPER VALVE (BFD)
- 3-WAY VALVE
- NEEDLE VALVE (NV)
- CHECK VALVE (CV)
- GATE VALVE (GV)
- MANUAL DAMPER (D)
- DAMPER VALVE, SPRING OPPOSED
- PRESSURE (VACUUM) BALANCED REGULATOR (PRV), SELF-CONTAINED

**ACTUATORS:**

- CYLINDER ACTUATOR, SPRING OPPOSED
- CYLINDER ACTUATOR, SPRING OPPOSED, SINGLE ACTING W/HAND ACTUATOR
- SOLENOID OPERATOR
- HAND ACTUATOR
- PRESSURE BALANCED DIAPHRAGM
- DIAPHRAGM OPERATOR, SPRING OPPOSED

**HVAC & MISCELLANEOUS DEVICES:**

- FLANGE
- PRESSURE SENSING TIP (LOCAL)
- PRESSURE SENSING TIP (CORRIDOR 825)
- PRESSURE SENSING TIP (OUTSIDE ATM)
- QUICK CONNECTOR, FEMALE
- QUICK CONNECTOR, MALE
- CONNECT TO LIKE NUMBER
- AIRFLOW/INFILTRATION
- HIGH EFFICIENCY PARTICULATE AIR FILTER (HEPA)
- FILTER
- MOTORIZED FAN DRIVE
- CENTRIFUGAL FAN W/ BACK DRAFT DAMPER
- EXHAUST STACK
- MOTOR CONTROL CENTER/MOTOR STARTER
- VARIABLE FREQUENCY DRIVE

**MISCELLANEOUS ABBREVIATIONS:**

- ADJ ADJUSTABLE
- ATM ATMOSPHERE
- BDD BACK DRAFT DAMPER
- BTS BAGLESS TRANSFER SYSTEM
- BV BALL VALVE
- CV CHECK VALVE
- D DAMPER
- DR DRAIN
- EF EXHAUST FAN
- FC FAIL CLOSED
- FO FAIL OPEN
- GS GENERAL SERVICE
- GV GATE OR GLOBE VALVE
- HMI HUMAN MACHINE INTERFACE (PC)
- HDA HAND-OFF-AUTO
- HP HORSEPOWER
- LO LOCKED OPEN
- NC NORMALLY CLOSED
- NO NORMALLY OPEN
- NV NEEDLE VALVE
- SC SAFETY CLASS
- SCR SILICON CONTROLLED RECTIFIER
- SP SET-POINT
- SS SAFETY SIGNIFICANT
- V VALVE

**INSTRUMENTATION SYMBOLS:**

- SHARED DISPLAY/CONTROL BY THE MICON
- SOFTWARE GENERATED ALARM SIGNALS FROM ANALOG INPUT TO MICON
- ANALYZER ALARM HIGH (DI LEVEL)
- FLOW ALARM LOW
- PRESSURE ALARM LOW
- PRESSURE DIFFERENTIAL ALARM HIGH
- PRESSURE DIFFERENTIAL ALARM LOW
- TEMPERATURE ALARM HIGH
- INPUT/OUTPUT INTERFACE AT MICON LOCAL CONTROL UNIT (LCU) XX - AI, DI, OR DO
- ANALOG INPUT
- DIGITAL INPUT
- DIGITAL OUTPUT
- SHARED DISPLAY/CONTROL BY THE PLC/HMI
- SOFTWARE GENERATED ALARM SIGNALS FROM ANALOG INPUT TO MICON
- ANALYZER ALARM HIGH (DI LEVEL)
- FLOW ALARM LOW
- PRESSURE ALARM LOW
- PRESSURE DIFFERENTIAL ALARM HIGH
- PRESSURE DIFFERENTIAL ALARM LOW
- TEMPERATURE ALARM HIGH
- PROGRAMMABLE LOGIC CONTROL (PLC) INTERLOCK (SOFT)
- INTERLOCK LOGIC (HARDWIRED)
- PANEL FRONT MOUNTED INSTRUMENT
- PANEL REAR MOUNTED INSTRUMENT
- PANEL FRONT MOUNTED INDICATING LIGHT
- LOCAL MOUNTED INDICATING LIGHT
- LOCAL MOUNTED INSTRUMENT
- TEMPERATURE ELEMENT WITH WELL
- TEMPERATURE INDICATOR WITH ELEMENT & WELL
- TEMPERATURE ELEMENT, SURFACE
- TEMPERATURE ELEMENT WITHOUT WELL
- ANALYSIS SENSOR (DEFINED)
- AVERAGING PILOT TUBE W/ FLOW STRAIGHTENING VANES
- CONVERTER
- VARIABLE AREA FLOWMETER W/ INTEGRAL NEEDLE VALVE

**INSTRUMENT IDENTIFICATION LETTERS**

FIRST-LETTER	MEASURED OR INITIATING VARIABLE	MODIFIER	SUCCEEDING-LETTERS		
			READOUT OR PASSIVE FUNCTION	OUTPUT FUNCTION	MODIFIER
A	ANALYSIS		ALARM		
B	BURNER, COMBUSTION		USER'S CHOICE	USER'S CHOICE	USER'S CHOICE
C	USER'S CHOICE			CONTROL	
D	USER'S CHOICE	DIFFERENTIAL			
E	VOLTAGE		SENSOR (PRIMARY ELEMENT)		
F	FLOW RATE	RATIO (FRACTION)			
G	USER'S CHOICE		CLASS, MEWING DEVICE		
H	HAND				HIC
I	CURRENT (ELECTRICAL)		INDICATE		
J	POWER	SCAN			
K	TIME, TIME SCHEDULE	TIME RATE OF CHANGE		CONTROL STATION	
L	LEVEL		LIGHT		LOW
M	USER'S CHOICE	MOMENTARY			MIDDLE, INTERMEDIATE
N	USER'S CHOICE		USER'S CHOICE	USER'S CHOICE	USER'S CHOICE
O	USER'S CHOICE		ORIFICE, RESTRICTION		
P	PRESSURE, VACUUM		POINT (TEST) CONNECTION		
Q	QUANTITY	INTEGRATE, TOTALIZE			
R	RADIATION		RECORD		
S	SPEED, FREQUENCY	SAFETY		SWITCH	
T	TEMPERATURE		TRANSMIT		
U	MULTIVARIABLE		MULTIFUNCTION	MULTIFUNCTION	MULTIFUNCTION
V	VIBRATION, MECHANICAL ANALYSIS		VALVE, DAMPER, LOUVER		
W	WEIGHT, FORCE		WELL		
X	UNCLASSIFIED	X AXIS	UNCLASSIFIED	UNCLASSIFIED	UNCLASSIFIED
Y	EVENT, STATE OR PRESENCE	Y AXIS	RELAY, COMPUTE, CONVERT		
Z	POSITION, DIMENSION	Z AXIS	DRIVER, ACTUATOR, UNCLASSIFIED		

**GENERAL NOTES:**

- ABBREVIATIONS ARE IN ACCORDANCE WITH ASME Y1.1-1989.
- FIRST LETTER "A" (ANALYSIS) IS DEFINED OUTSIDE A TAGGING BUBBLE.
- SUCCEEDING LETTER "Y" IS DEFINED OUTSIDE A TAGGING BUBBLE, UNLESS THE FUNCTION IS SELF-EVIDENT, I.E.: SOLENOID VALVES.
- THE TERMS "HIGH" AND "LOW", WHEN APPLIED TO POSITIONS OF VALVES ARE DEFINED AS FOLLOWS:
  - "HIGH" DENOTES THAT THE VALVE IS IN THE FULLY OPEN POSITION
  - "LOW" DENOTES THAT THE VALVE IS IN THE FULLY CLOSED POSITION.
- INSTRUMENTATION LEGEND AND SYMBOLS ARE GENERALLY IN ACCORDANCE WITH ANSI/ISA 55.1-1984 AND 55.3-1983.
- SEE CONSTRUCTION DRAWINGS AND SPECIFICATIONS FOR IDENTIFICATION OF SPECIFIC SYSTEM, STRUCTURE OR COMPONENT SAFETY CLASSIFICATION.
- THE SET-POINTS OF PRESSURE REGULATING VALVES (PRV) FOR REGULATING THE GLOVEBOX PRESSURE (VACUUM) ARE NOMINAL VALUES (APPROXIMATELY MIDRANGE BETWEEN FULL OPEN AND FULL CLOSE).
- ALL INDICATORS AND TRANSMITTERS (FIS, FITS, DPTs AND DPITS) THAT MEASURES PRESSURE DIFFERENTIAL FROM TWO DIFFERENT SOURCES ARE EQUIPPED WITH A 3-VALVE MANIFOLD TO ISOLATE THE INSTRUMENTS FROM THE PROCESS FOR IN-PLACE CALIBRATION AND MAINTENANCE OF THE INSTRUMENTS WITHOUT SHUTTING DOWN THE PROCESS. SEE THE DETAILED DRAWINGS FOR IDENTIFICATIONS OF VALVES.
- A VALVE THAT IS DESIGNATED AS A SAFETY RELIEF VALVE (SRV) IS INTENDED TO PROTECT AGAINST EMERGENCY PRESSURE CONDITIONS THAT ARE HAZARDOUS TO PERSONNEL AND/OR EQUIPMENT.
- THE TERM "EMERGENCY EXHAUST" SHOWN ON SHEETS 3, 5, 6 AND 8 ARE CONSTRUED TO MEAN "MAKE-UP EXHAUST" IN CASE THE "NORMAL EXHAUST" COULD NOT MAINTAIN THE DESIRED GLOVEBOX PRESSURE (VACUUM). THE PRESSURE OF THE GLOVEBOXES 19, 3 AND 5 ARE MAINTAINED AS DESCRIBED IN THE SYSTEM DESCRIPTION ON SHEET 2. HOWEVER, IF THE PRESSURE (VACUUM) DECREASES, IN ANY ONE OF THE GLOVEBOXES, TO -0.5" WG, VALVES PRV-101, PRV-300 OR PRV-501 STARTS OPENING TO "MAKE-UP" THE PRESSURE OF THE RESPECTIVE GLOVEBOX UNTIL THE DESIRED PRESSURE IS ACHIEVED, AND THEN CLOSES.
- FOR FURNACE TEMPERATURE CONTROLS, AND NITROGEN AND DRY AIR PURGE CONTROLS, SEE DRAWING M-2-825400 SH 6, 7 & 8.
- INITIALLY THE OPERATING FILTER PLENUM WILL BE USED AND THE STANDBY FILTER WILL BECOME OPERATING FILTER WHEN THE INITIAL FILTER IS SWITCHED TO STANDBY.
- INITIALLY THE OPERATING EXHAUST AIR FAN WILL BE USED AND THE STANDBY EXHAUST AIR FAN WILL BECOME OPERATING EXHAUST AIR FAN WHEN THE INITIAL EXHAUST AIR FAN IS SWITCHED TO STANDBY.
- SUFFIX ALL EQUIPMENT, INSTRUMENT AND VALVE TAGGINGS WITH "PSA", FOR EXAMPLE: DPT-101 BECOMES DPT-101-258A.
- EQUIPMENT COMPONENT IDENTIFIER NUMBERS SHALL BE IN ACCORDANCE WITH SD-CP-RD-024.

HOLD NO.	DESCRIPTION	EXPECTED RLSE DATE
P-2	PENDING W-460-PSAR RESOLUTION	5/30/00

**PRELIMINARY**



FLUGR FEDERAL SERVICES

PROJECT: W-460, PLUTONIUM STABILIZATION AND HANDLING

U.S. DEPARTMENT OF ENERGY  
Nuclear Operations Office

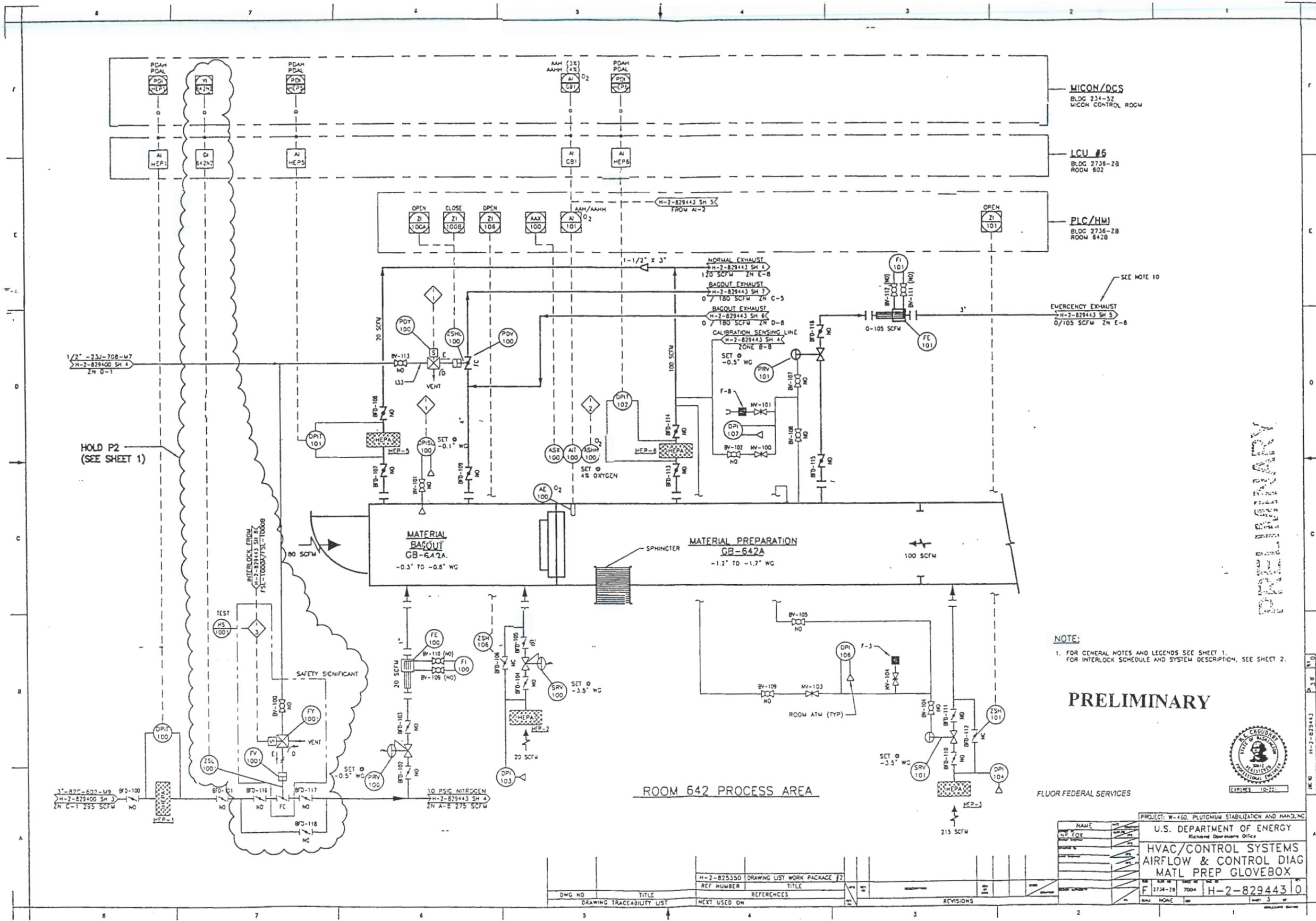
HVAC/CONTROL SYSTEMS  
AIRFLOW & CONTROL DIAG  
NOTES AND LEGENDS

DATE	BY	APP'D	REV	DESCRIPTION
7/28/99	7004		1	

H-2-829443 10

DWG NO.	TITLE	REF NUMBER	TITLE	REFERENCES	REVISIONS
M-2-829350	DRAWING LIST WORK PACKAGE 2				
DRAWING TRACEABILITY LIST					
NEXT USED ON					





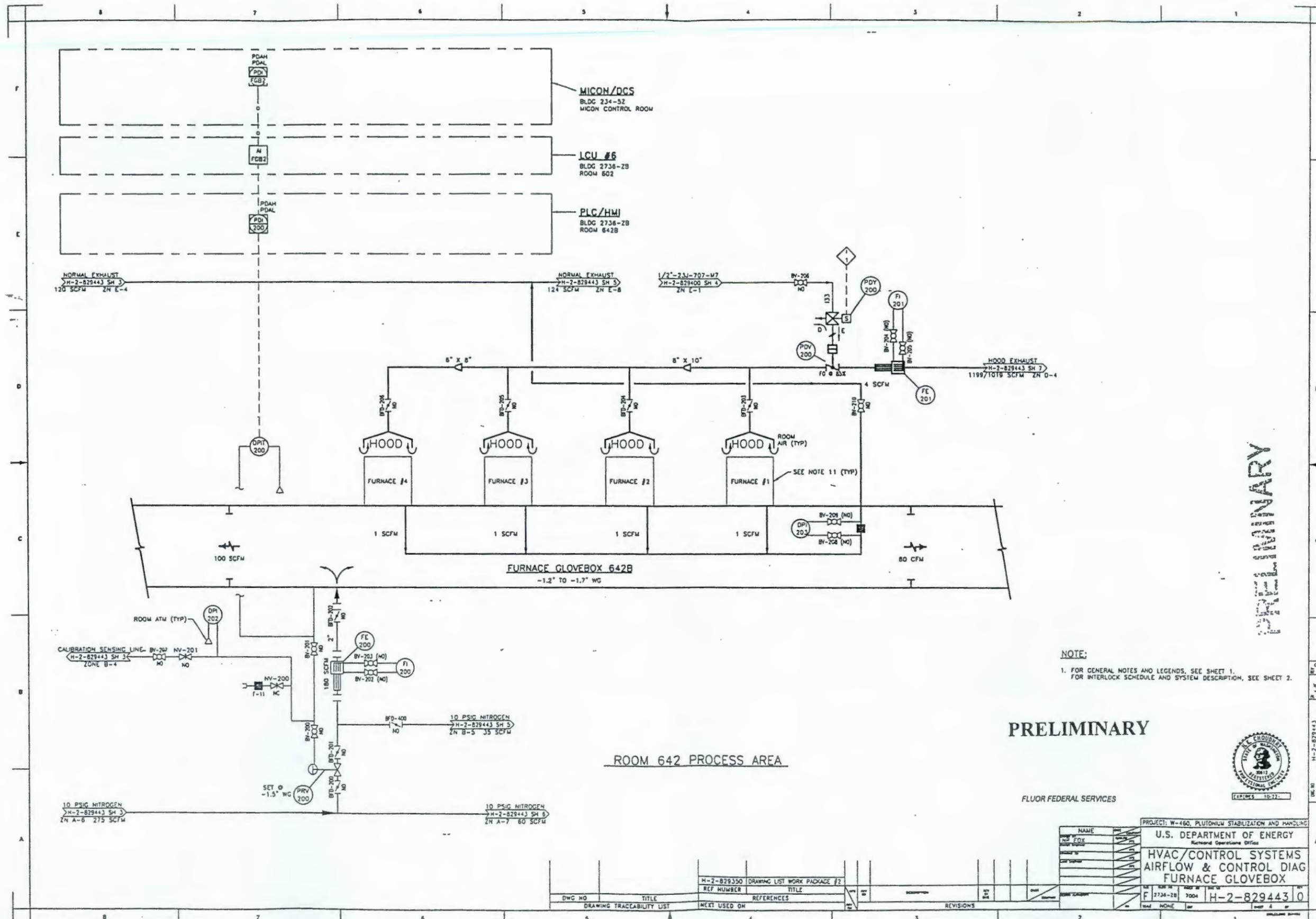
PRELIMINARY



FLUOR FEDERAL SERVICES

PROJECT: W-460, PLUTONIUM STABILIZATION AND MAN-2, MC	
U.S. DEPARTMENT OF ENERGY Nuclear Operations Office	
HVAC/CONTROL SYSTEMS AIRFLOW & CONTROL DIAG MATL PREP GLOVEBOX	
DATE: 2734-78	SCALE: 700%
NO. 1	REV. 1
BY: F	DATE: H-2-829443
CHK: F	NO. 10
APP: F	REV. 3

DWG NO	TITLE	REF NUMBER	TITLE	REV	DATE	BY	CHK	APP
H-2-825350	DRAWING LIST WORK PACKAGE #2							



PRELIMINARY

NOTE:  
1. FOR GENERAL NOTES AND LEGENDS, SEE SHEET 1.  
FOR INTERLOCK SCHEDULE AND SYSTEM DESCRIPTION, SEE SHEET 2.

PRELIMINARY

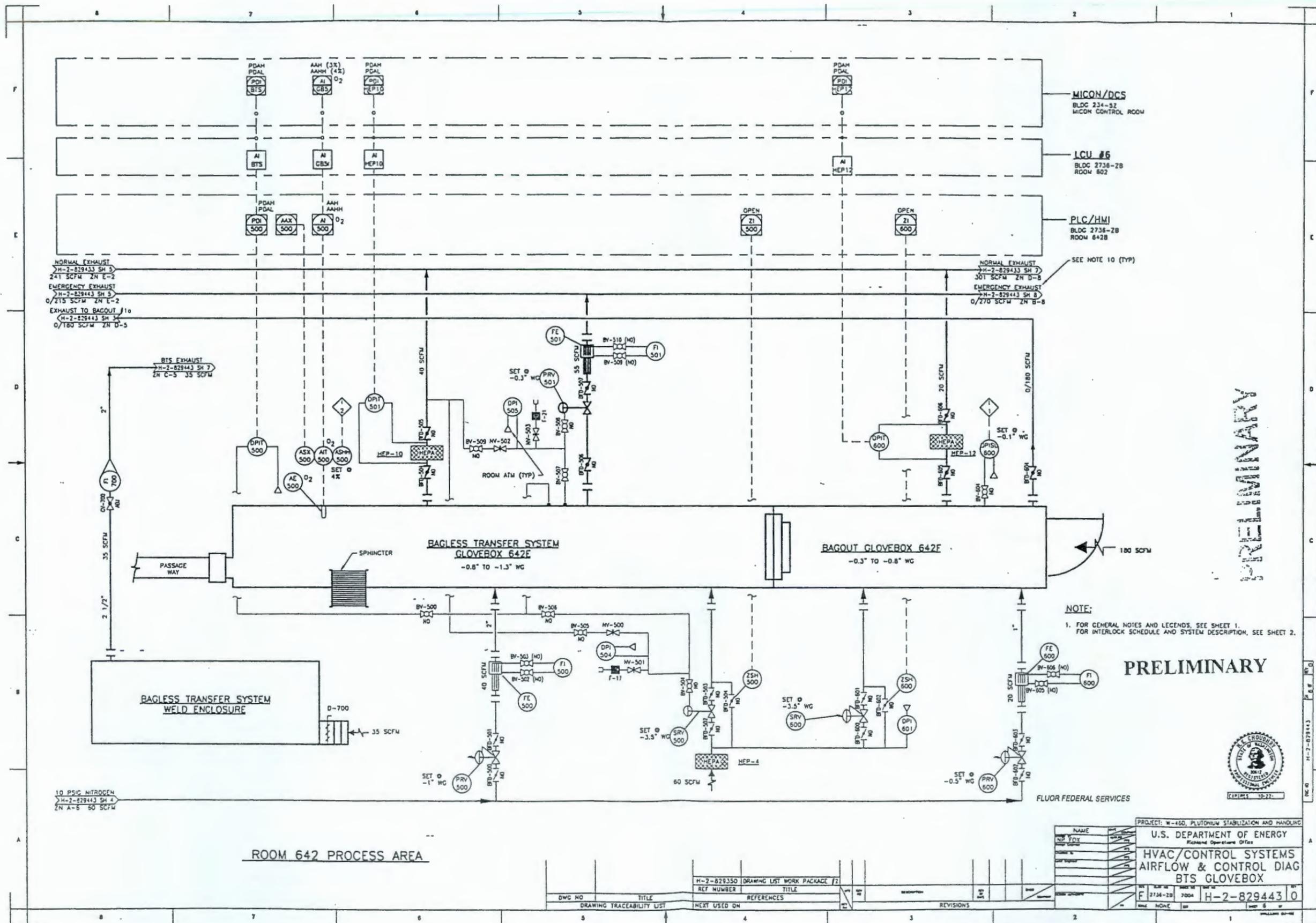


FLUOR FEDERAL SERVICES

PROJECT: W-460, PLUTONIUM STABILIZATION AND HANDLING	
U.S. DEPARTMENT OF ENERGY National Operations Office	
HVAC/CONTROL SYSTEMS AIRFLOW & CONTROL DIAG FURNACE GLOVEBOX	
DATE: 2734-28	SCALE: NONE
NO: 7004	REV: 1
H-2-829443.0	

DWG NO	TITLE	REF NUMBER	TITLE	REVISIONS
H-2-829350	DRAWING LIST WORK PACKAGE #2			
DRAWING TRACEABILITY LIST				
NEXT USED ON				





PRELIMINARY

PRELIMINARY

NOTE:  
1. FOR GENERAL NOTES AND LEGENDS, SEE SHEET 1.  
FOR INTERLOCK SCHEDULE AND SYSTEM DESCRIPTION, SEE SHEET 2.

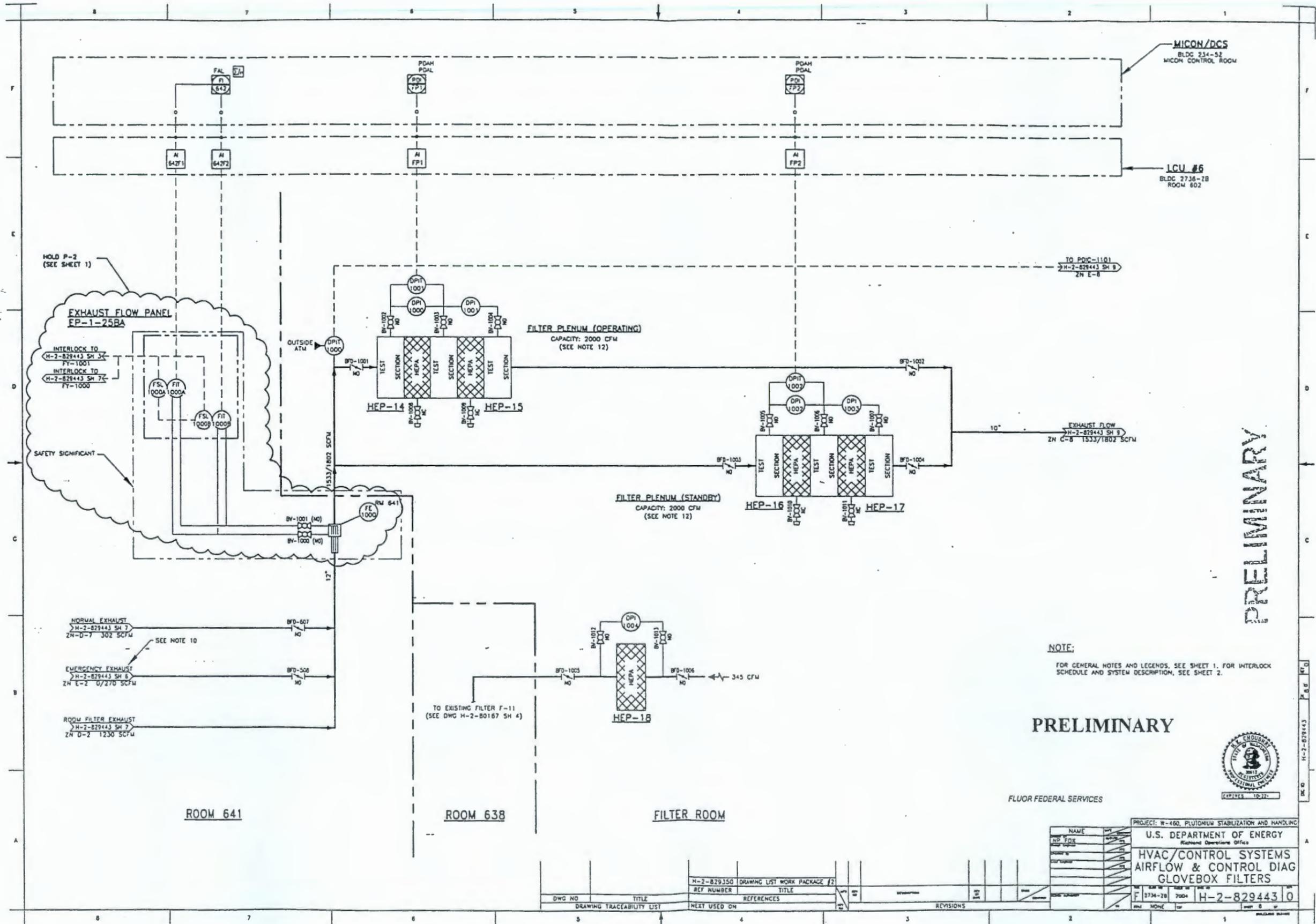


FLUOR FEDERAL SERVICES

PROJECT: W-460, PLUTONIUM STABILIZATION AND HANDLING	
U.S. DEPARTMENT OF ENERGY Richland Operations Office	
HVAC/CONTROL SYSTEMS AIRFLOW & CONTROL DIAG BTS GLOVEBOX	
DWG NO	H-2-829443 0
TITLE	HVAC/CONTROL SYSTEMS AIRFLOW & CONTROL DIAG BTS GLOVEBOX
DATE	3/24/2000
BY	F 3734-28 J00A
CHECKED	H-2-829443 0
DATE	
BY	
CHECKED	
DATE	

DWG NO	TITLE	DATE	BY	CHECKED	DATE
H-2-829350	DRAWING LIST WORK PACKAGE F1				





PRELIMINARY

NOTE:  
FOR GENERAL NOTES AND LEGENDS, SEE SHEET 1. FOR INTERLOCK SCHEDULE AND SYSTEM DESCRIPTION, SEE SHEET 2.

PRELIMINARY

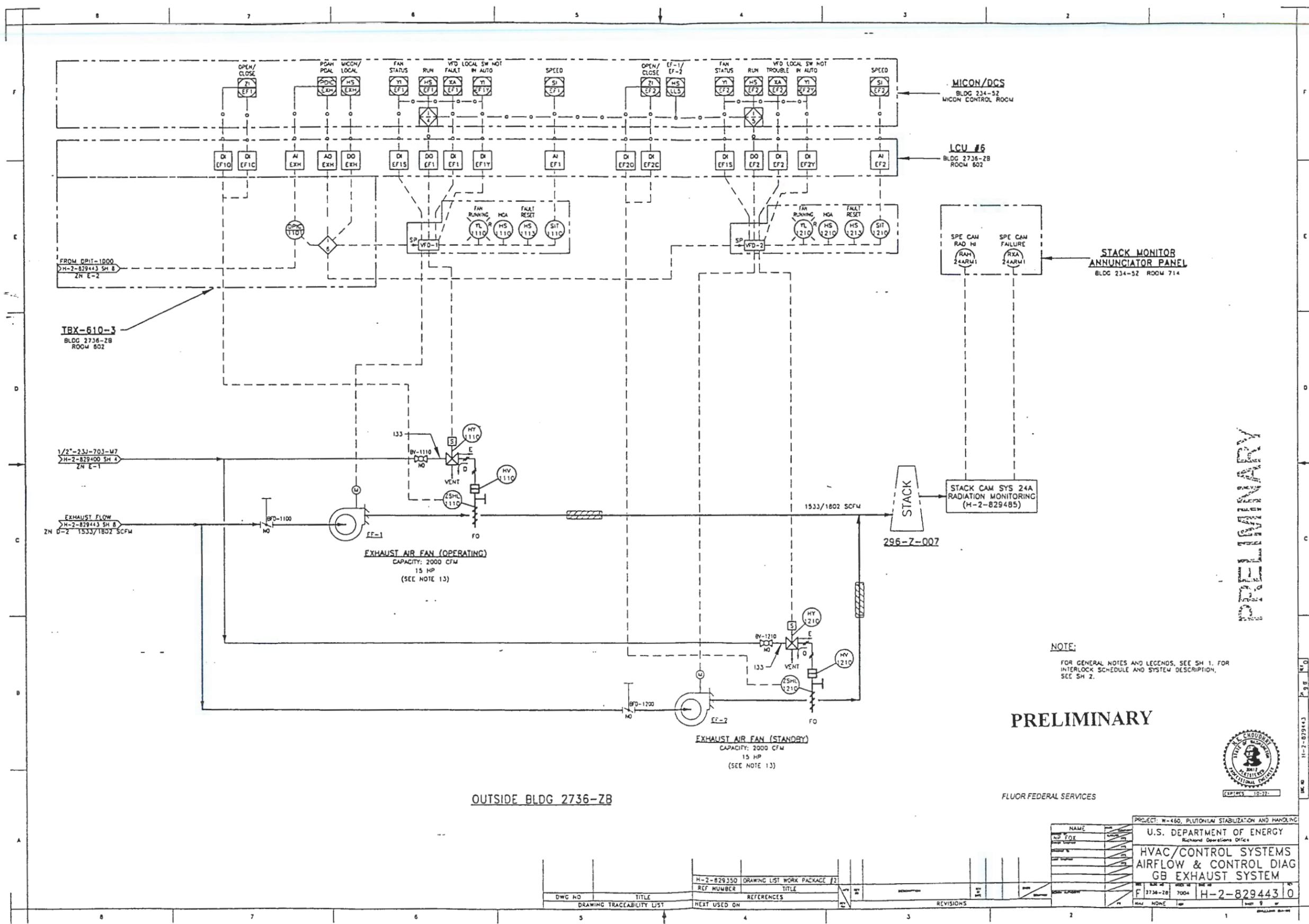


FLUOR FEDERAL SERVICES

NAME	DATE	REVISION

PROJECT: W-460, PLUTONIUM STABILIZATION AND HANDLING  
U.S. DEPARTMENT OF ENERGY  
Richland Operations Office  
HVAC/CONTROL SYSTEMS  
AIRFLOW & CONTROL DIAG  
GLOVEBOX FILTERS  
H-2-829443 0

DWG NO	TITLE	REF NUMBER	TITLE	REVISIONS
H-2-829350	DRAWING LIST WORK PACKAGE 7			



NOTE:  
FOR GENERAL NOTES AND LEGENDS, SEE SH 1, FOR  
INTERLOCK SCHEDULE AND SYSTEM DESCRIPTION,  
SEE SH 2.

PRELIMINARY

PRELIMINARY



FLUOR FEDERAL SERVICES

DWG NO	TITLE	REF NUMBER	TITLE	REFERENCES	REVISIONS
H-2-829350	DRAWING LIST WORK PACKAGE #2				
DRAWING TRACEABILITY LIST					
NEXT USED ON					

NAME	NO	DATE	BY	CHKD	APP'D
FDX					

PROJECT: W-460, PLUTONIUM STABILIZATION AND HANDLING	
U.S. DEPARTMENT OF ENERGY	
Richard Operations Office	
HVAC/CONTROL SYSTEMS	
AIRFLOW & CONTROL DIAG	
GB EXHAUST SYSTEM	
NO. 2736-28	ROOM NO. 7004
F 3736-28	H-2-829443 0
REV. NONE	SHEET 9 OF 9

**ATTACHMENT B**

**SUMMARY AND SYNOPSIS OF CAP88-PC MODELING**

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C A P 8 8 - P C

Version 2.00

Clean Air Act Assessment Package - 1988

S Y N O P S I S R E P O R T

Non-Radon Individual Assessment  
Apr 26, 2000 02:58 pm

Facility: Z-Plant  
Address: Hanford Site  
City: Richland  
State: WA Zip: 99336

Source Category:  
Source Type: Stack  
Emission Year: 2000

Comments: Project W-460

Effective Dose Equivalent  
(mrem/year)

---

1.67E+03

---

At This Location: 19230 Meters East Southeast  
Dataset Name: Project W-460  
Dataset Date: Apr 26, 2000 02:58 pm  
Wind File: C:\CAP88PC2\WNDFILES\HS200W10.WND

Apr 26, 2000 02:58 pm

SYNOPSIS  
Page 1

MAXIMALLY EXPOSED INDIVIDUAL

Location Of The Individual: 19230 Meters East Southeast  
Lifetime Fatal Cancer Risk: 1.17E-02

ORGAN DOSE EQUIVALENT SUMMARY

Organ	Dose Equivalent (mrem/y)
GONADS	2.79E+02
BREAST	2.83E+01
R MAR	1.77E+03
LUNGS	3.68E+03
THYROID	2.78E+01
ENDOST	2.18E+04
RMNDR	9.71E+02
EFFEC	1.67E+03

Apr 26, 2000 02:58 pm

SYNOPSIS  
Page 2

RADIONUCLIDE EMISSIONS DURING THE YEAR 2000

Nuclide	Class	Size	Source	TOTAL
			#1 Ci/y	Ci/y
PU-239	Y	1.00	9.9E+01	9.9E+01
U-233	Y	1.00	1.1E+01	1.1E+01
AM-241	W	1.00	4.5E+01	4.5E+01

SITE INFORMATION

Temperature: 12 degrees C  
Precipitation: 16 cm/y  
Mixing Height: 1000 m

Apr 26, 2000 02:58 pm

SYNOPSIS  
Page 3

SOURCE INFORMATION

Source Number: 1  
Stack Height (m): 15.  
Diameter (m): 0.  
Plume Rise  
Momentum (m/s): 7.  
(Exit Velocity)

AGRICULTURAL DATA

	<u>Vegetable</u>	<u>Milk</u>	<u>Meat</u>
Fraction Home Produced:	0.000	0.000	0.000
Fraction From Assessment Area:	1.000	1.000	1.000
Fraction Imported:	0.000	0.000	0.000

Food Arrays were not generated for this run.  
Default Values used.

DISTANCES (M) USED FOR MAXIMUM INDIVIDUAL ASSESSMENT

19230 24380

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Version 2.00

Clean Air Act Assessment Package - 1988

D O S E   A N D   R I S K   E Q U I V A L E N T   S U M M A R I E S

Non-Radon Individual Assessment  
Apr 26, 2000 02:58 pm

Facility: Z-Plant  
Address: Hanford Site  
City: Richland  
State: WA                      Zip: 99336

Source Category:  
Source Type: Stack  
Emission Year: 2000

Comments: Project W-460

Dataset Name: Project W-460  
Dataset Date: Apr 26, 2000 02:58 pm  
Wind File: C:\CAP88PC2\WINDFILES\HS200W10.WND

Apr 26, 2000 02:58 pm

SUMMARY  
Page 1

## ORGAN DOSE EQUIVALENT SUMMARY

Organ	Selected Individual (mrem/y)
GONADS	2.79E+02
BREAST	2.83E+01
R MAR	1.77E+03
LUNGS	3.68E+03
THYROID	2.78E+01
ENDOST	2.18E+04
RMNDR	9.71E+02
EFFEC	1.67E+03

## PATHWAY EFFECTIVE DOSE EQUIVALENT SUMMARY

Pathway	Selected Individual (mrem/y)
INGESTION	3.86E+01
INHALATION	1.63E+03
AIR IMMERSION	1.41E-05
GROUND SURFACE	5.65E-01
INTERNAL	1.67E+03
EXTERNAL	5.65E-01
TOTAL	1.67E+03

Apr 26, 2000 02:58 pm

SUMMARY  
Page 2

NUCLIDE EFFECTIVE DOSE EQUIVALENT SUMMARY

Nuclide	Selected Individual (mrem/y)
PU-239	9.58E+02
U-233	3.97E+01
AM-241	6.77E+02
TOTAL	1.67E+03

Apr 26, 2000 02:58 pm

SUMMARY  
Page 3

CANCER RISK SUMMARY

Cancer	Selected Individual Total Lifetime Fatal Cancer Risk
LEUKEMIA	1.46E-03
BONE	9.32E-04
THYROID	3.15E-06
BREAST	2.34E-05
LUNG	6.01E-03
STOMACH	1.68E-05
BOWEL	9.13E-06
LIVER	3.18E-03
PANCREAS	1.24E-05
URINARY	9.01E-06
OTHER	1.52E-05
TOTAL	1.17E-02

PATHWAY RISK SUMMARY

Pathway	Selected Individual Total Lifetime Fatal Cancer Risk
INGESTION	1.84E-04
INHALATION	1.15E-02
AIR IMMERSION	2.93E-10
GROUND SURFACE	1.18E-05
INTERNAL	1.17E-02
EXTERNAL	1.18E-05
TOTAL	1.17E-02

Apr 26, 2000 02:58 pm

SUMMARY  
Page 4

NUCLIDE RISK SUMMARY

Nuclide	Selected Individual Total Lifetime Fatal Cancer Risk
PU-239	7.68E-03
U-233	5.23E-04
AM-241	3.46E-03
TOTAL	1.17E-02

Apr 26, 2000 02:58 pm

SUMMARY  
Page 5

INDIVIDUAL EFFECTIVE DOSE EQUIVALENT RATE (mrem/y)  
(All Radionuclides and Pathways)

---

Distance (m)

---

Direction	19230	24380
N	3.5E+02	2.4E+02
NNW	3.9E+02	2.6E+02
NW	4.3E+02	2.9E+02
WNW	3.1E+02	2.1E+02
W	2.4E+02	1.7E+02
WSW	2.1E+02	1.5E+02
SW	2.4E+02	1.7E+02
SSW	3.1E+02	2.1E+02
S	4.3E+02	3.0E+02
SSE	6.2E+02	4.2E+02
SE	1.2E+03	8.1E+02
ESE	1.7E+03	1.1E+03
E	1.2E+03	7.7E+02
ENE	7.0E+02	4.7E+02
NE	4.9E+02	3.3E+02
NNE	3.6E+02	2.5E+02

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Apr 26, 2000 02:58 pm

SUMMARY  
Page 6

INDIVIDUAL LIFETIME RISK (deaths)  
(All Radionuclides and Pathways)

---

Distance (m)

---

Direction	19230	24380
N	2.4E-03	1.6E-03
NNW	2.6E-03	1.7E-03
NW	2.9E-03	2.0E-03
WNW	2.1E-03	1.4E-03
W	1.6E-03	1.1E-03
WSW	1.4E-03	9.5E-04
SW	1.6E-03	1.1E-03
SSW	2.1E-03	1.4E-03
S	3.0E-03	2.0E-03
SSE	4.3E-03	2.8E-03
SE	8.4E-03	5.6E-03
ESE	1.2E-02	7.7E-03
E	8.0E-03	5.3E-03
ENE	4.8E-03	3.2E-03
NE	3.4E-03	2.2E-03
NNE	2.5E-03	1.6E-03

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**ATTACHMENT C**

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**DISCUSSION OF BEST AVAILABLE RADIONUCLIDE CONTROL TECHNOLOGY**

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